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PREMIER'S VISIT TO AMERICA.

TO LEAVE AT THE END OF JULY.

MORE GOVERNMENT LEADERS APPOINTED.

UNDER-SECRETARIES.

London, June 11. Reuter understands that Mr. Ramsay MacDonald has definitely decided to visit the United States for a personal discussion of Anglo-American relations with President Hoover.

According to the suggested plans, the Labour Premier will leave immediately after the rising of Parliament at the end of July.

Mr. Mackenzie King, the Premier of Canada, told the Canadian House of Commons at Ottawa to-day that his knowledge of the proposed disarrangement conference between Mr. Ramsay MacDonald and President Hoover at Washington, has been derived solely from newspapers.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald has not fully completed his list of Ministers Not in the Cabinet, but the following appointments officially announced, leave few posts unfilled:

Financial Secretary to the Treasury
Mr. F. Pettick-Lawrence.
Civil Lord of the Admiralty
Mr. George Hall.

Under-Secretaries of State:

Foreign Affairs Mr. H. Dalton.
Colonies Mr. W. Lunn.
Dominions Mr. A. Ponsonby.
War Lord De La Warr.
War (Financial Sec.) Mr. E. Shaw.
India Mr. Drummond Shields.
Air Mr. F. Montague.
Admiralty (Finance) Mr. C. G. Ammon.
Mines Mr. Ben Turner.
Agriculture Dr. C. Addison.
Health Miss Susan Lawrence.
Transport Earl Russell.

Brief Biographies.

Mr. Frederick Pettick-Lawrence, the Financial Secretary to the Treasury was educated at Cambridge, where he won many honours, and is a barrister-at-law. He is well-known for his association with the women's suffrage movement, in which connexion he was imprisoned for nine months in 1912 for conspiracy in one of the militant suffragette demonstrations. He was formerly editor of the *Echo* and of the *Labour Record* and *Review*.

Mr. George Hall, Civil Lord of the Admiralty, was educated at an elementary school and worked in a Welsh mine as collier at the age of 12. In 1911, he was appointed a checkweighman and was local agent of the South Wales Miners' Federation until elected to Parliament in 1922. He is an official of the Miners' Federation and a Governor of Cardiff University.

Well-Known Economist.

Mr. Hugh Dalton, the Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, was educated at Cambridge and is a barrister. He served in the Great War on the French and Italian fronts and in 1919 was attached to the Ministry of Labour for special investigations. Has been lecturer at the London School of Economics, and Sir Ernest Cassel Lecturer in Economics at the University of London. He was a member of the Trade Board from 1919 to 1922; a member of the Statutory Commission of Cambridge University and of the Council of the Royal Statistical Society.

Mr. William Lunn, the new Under-Secretary for the Colonies, is the son of a miner. He started work at the age of 12 and became a checkweighman in a colliery. He was Parliamentary Secretary of the Department of Overseas Trade in the last Labour Government.

Foreign Office.

Mr. Arthur Ponsonby, once again second-in-command at the Foreign Office, is a son of the late General Sir Henry Ponsonby. He was in the Diplomatic Service from 1894 to 1899, and from 1900 to 1902 in the Foreign Office. He was formerly a Liberal, having been principal Private Secretary to the late Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman. In the last Labour Government he was Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs.

(Continued on Page 8.)

TWO PORTUGUESE MISSING.

BOY AND GIRL WHO CANNOT BE TRACED.

REWARDS OFFERED.

Police Headquarters to-day issued two circulars, offering rewards for the recovery of two children of Portuguese nationality who are stated to have disappeared from their homes in the Colony.

A reward of \$100 is offered for information leading to the recovery of Arthur Frederick Gutierrez, aged 8 years, who was living with his relatives at No. 34, Pilem Street, ground floor, Yau-mat, before he disappeared on April 17th. When last seen, he was dressed in grey cotton clothing.

The missing boy is described as being of stout build and of medium height, and speaks Chinese only.

Massima Benedicta, a 15-year-old girl, is reported in the other circular as being missing since May 26. Looking older than her years, and of stout build, the girl is believed to have run away. She was last seen at 9 p.m. in Des Voeux Road near the Central Market when she was wearing a white silk dress with red stripes, white hat with green ribbon bands, black shoes and black-velvet stockings.

It is believed that the girl was also wearing a gold chain bangle on the left wrist, other trinkets which she had on her being a gold ring set with a jade stone and a neck-lace of imitation pearls.

A reward of \$100 is offered for information leading to the recovery of the girl.

THE KING'S STATE DUTIES.

ROYAL COMMISSION'S POWER NOW LIMITED.

AN ORDER-IN-COUNCIL.

London, June 11. The *Gazette* to-day contains an Order-in-Council revoking the Letters Patent, which empowered the setting up of a Royal Commission to act on the King's behalf during his illness.

The new Order-in-Council declares that while His Majesty is now able to resume many functions of State, it is still advisable that certain functions should be delegated.

Therefore, Her Majesty the Queen, H.R.H. The Prince of Wales, the Duke of York, the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor (Lord Sankey) and the Prime Minister (Mr. Ramsay MacDonald), or any two thereof, are empowered till further signification of His Majesty's pleasure to act on His Majesty's behalf in certain specified matters.

It is learned that among the duties which His Majesty is now able to resume, following the issue of the Order-in-Council, will be business connected with Dominion affairs.—*Reuter*.

U.S. OIL CONCERNS CONVICTED.

CONSPIRACY TO MONOPOLISE INDUSTRY.

Chicago, June 11. The Standard Oil Company of Indiana and 51 associated and subsidiary concerns have been convicted by the United States District Court for violating the Sherman Anti-Trust Law.

The Government accused the defendants of conspiracy to restrain trade and monopolise the oil industry by pooling their interests in various oil-cracking patents, thus allegedly forcing independent concerns to pay royalties for using the process.

The defence urged that the pooling of patents had reduced the price of petrol.—*Reuter's American Service*.

LOCAL SHOWERS.

The Royal Observatory reports that pressure continues to be highest to the N.E. of Japan and relatively low over China generally. A depression is situated in the Eastern Sea. The forecast till noon to-morrow is—S.W. winds, moderate; cloudy; local showers.

ALLEGED POSTAL FRAUDS.

YOUNG PORTUGUESE IN THE DOCK.

ACCUSED OF THEFT OF MANY REGISTERED LETTERS.

BIG SUM INVOLVED.

Charges of fraudulent conversion of postal documents and of the theft of several sealed mail packages, one containing 10,000 yen, were preferred against Jose Mariano de Sousa, a young Portuguese, formerly employed at the Hongkong General Post Office, upon his appearance, in police custody, before Mr. E. W. Hamilton at the Central Police Court to-day.

The police stated that Sousa disappeared from his post sometime in March of this year, and the next information that they had of him was that he had gone to Sourabaya.

Extradition Waived.

A cable sent to the Dutch police secured the arrest of the accused upon his arrival at that port. Sousa was then said to have expressed a willingness to waive extradition proceedings, his return to Hongkong then following as a matter of course.

The charges now brought against Sousa fall under the heading of Ordinance 7, of 1925. They state that on February 6th of this year, while being employed as an officer of the General Post Office, and being entrusted with the preparation of a document, namely, a letter bill, he did prepare such document incorrectly, by altering, secreting or destroying such document.

This is stated to be an offence against Section 33, Subsection 1, of the Ordinance.

39 Registered Letters. Sousa is also charged, under Section 26 of the Ordinance, that, on the same date, he stole two postal packages, and one bag containing 30 registered letters and two insured letters; and another bag, containing nine registered letters and one insured letter.

Replying to a query from Mr. Hamilton, Chief Detective Inspector Reynolds said that enclosed in one of the registered letters which Sousa was alleged to have extracted, was 10,000 yen.

In view of the large amount involved, Mr. Reynolds said he would be asking for the accused to be committed for trial at the Supreme Court. No bail could be entertained at this juncture.

Solicitor's Application.

Mr. J. T. Prior informed the Court that he was appearing for the defence.

His Worship:—I understand he has pleaded "Not Guilty."

Mr. Prior stated that he would like a remand to consider the position.

A week's formal remand was accordingly given.

A. J. COOK RETURNS TO THE FOLD.

RECRUIT TO INDEPENDENT LABOUR PARTY.

London, June 11. The Independent Labour Party has secured an interesting recruit in the person of Mr. A. J. Cook, who announcing his intention of rejoining the Party from which he resigned some years ago, said: "I know I shall be criticised, but I believe I can help the Labour cause and the miners by political propaganda work, retaining my official connexion with the Miner's Federation."—*Reuter*.

DR. HEDIN'S CHINA EXPEDITION.

LEADER FORCED TO DELAY HIS PARTICIPATION.

Boston, June 11. The famous Swedish explorer, Dr. Sven Hedin, arrived here to-day from Peking for special treatment of an attack of neuritis in the shoulder. Other members of his Expedition are remaining in China.

—*Reuter*.

WATER EMERGENCY COMMITTEE.

FIRST MEETING TO BE HELD THIS AFTERNOON.

WHO MEMBERS ARE.

The Water Supply Committee, which has been appointed to deal with measures necessitated by the present crisis, is holding its first meeting in the Legislative Council Chamber this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

In all, there are 38 members on the Committee, these being representative of all sections of the community.

Mr. D. Tatham is the Chairman of the Committee, whilst Mr. H. S. House is the Secretary.

One section of the Committee is especially empowered to deal with the bringing of water supplies to the Colony from outside sources, in which connexion considerable work has already been done. Mr. R. Sutherland, O.B.E., is the convener of this sub-committee, with Mr. W. G. Goggin as deputy convener. The other members are Messrs. A. E. Martin, Chai Yu-lung, J. M. McHutchon, C. M. Manners, J. Johnston, H. F. Bunje, C. E. Meyer, and T. Katolika.

In addition to these, the Committee members are as follows:—Hon. Mr. W. E. L. Sinton, Hon. Mr. B. D. F. Beth, Hon. Mr. J. P. Braga, Hon. Sir Shou-son Chow, Hon. D. S. W. Tao, O.B.E., Messrs. M. K. Lo, T. N. Chau, Wong Kwong-tin, D. J. Lewis, E. Cock, M.B.E., A. H. Ferguson, A. E. Arculli, R. M. Dyer, K. E. Greig, Captain Holland, W. W. James, T. H. C. Brayfield, and S. Mac-

—*Reuter*.

A POOR EXCUSE.

It's a poor excuse to be careless in the use of water because "other people" are wasting it.

—*Reuter*.

William, S. T. Williamson, L. C. F. Bellamy, the Hon. Secretary for Chinese Affairs, the Hon. Director of Public Works, the Hon. Harbour Master, Mr. B. Wylie, the Hon. Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, and the Head of Sanitary Department.

One other invitation has been issued, but the gentleman concerned has not yet intimated his willingness to serve.

—*Reuter*.

BIG SNAKE IN NEW TERRITORIES.

SHOT BY AN INDIAN CONSTABLE.

A stir was created in the village situated behind the Tsinwan Police Station, in the New Territories, when it was discovered yesterday that a large-sized snake had come down the hillside and was apparently stalking poultry near one of the huts on the outskirts.

An Indian constable attached to the Station succeeded in killing the reptile, but not before he had expended almost the whole barrel of his revolver.

The snake measured fully seven feet in length, and is described as being a python.

—*Reuter*.

INJURED MAN'S STORY.

SAYS HE WAS ATTACKED BY FRIEND.

One of the patients admitted into the Government Civil Hospital, yesterday, was a Chinese named Tang Yui, who was suffering from a lacerated wound in his jaw.

In a statement to the police, the man says that he was walking along Whitty Street, with an acquaintance named Kwan Yan, when for no reason that he could think of, his companion suddenly drew a knife and attacked him, inflicting the injury.

The assailant had escaped before he could secure the assistance of a constable.

COLONEL & COURT MARTIAL.

REQUEST TO REMAIN REFUSED.

ALSO COPY OF JUDGE'S STATEMENT.

MAJOR'S EVIDENCE.

A request by Lieut.-Col. L. J. Comyn that he should be allowed to be present as a spectator was refused when the General Court Martial hearing charges against Major Ogilvy, of the King's Own Scottish Borderers, was resumed this morning.

The Court sat shortly after ten o'clock, but was closed almost immediately for a certain point to be considered. At this time Lieut.-Col. Comyn was in Court and he left, together with the accused, the prosecuting and defending officers and Press representatives when the Court was closed.

Upon the reopening a few minutes later, the President announced that the Court had been closed to consider whether Lieut.-Col. Comyn should be allowed to remain as a spectator. He said that the Court ruled that Lieut.-Col. Comyn should not be present under Paragraph 81 of Rules and Procedure.

Could See the Newspapers.

Lieut.-Col. Comyn then asked whether he could have a copy of the statement taken by the Judge Advocate, the President replying that he could see the newspapers. Lieut.-Col. Comyn:—It is very inaccurately reported in the papers.

Shortly afterwards, Lieut.-Col. Comyn made a further remark, addressed towards the Press table, which was not distinctly heard. He was understood to say, however, that his previous remark was not intended to be personal.

With regard to Lieut.-Col. Comyn's request for a copy of the Judge Advocate's statement, the Court declined to give the statement. Mr. Somerset Fitzroy pointed out that the Convening Officer was always supplied with a copy. Lieut.-Col. Comyn then left the Court.

Major Lake's Evidence.

Major Lake continued his evidence. He produced as an exhibit a bill from Hongkong Amusements, Ltd., which he said he received on November 1 or 2.

With regard to another account, he said that he wrote to the Cawnpore Woollen Mills and asked for a statement of their account, which was from 1926 on wards, and which related to hose tops. The date of the last order for goods to the P.R.I. was in December, 1927. The last payment made by the P.R.I. was on December 5, 1927. The amount shown as outstanding on the account was rupees 565, annas 14.

Witness said he wrote to Gale and Folsden at the end of 1923 because they had written a letter calling the P.R.I.'s attention to the fact that here were outstanding bills due. Witness wrote for a detailed account and received it at the end of February this year. Two items due from the P.R.I. were £18.15.0 for 300 short histories on July 5, 1927, and £9.7.6 for 1,000 permanent passes on September 15, 1927. The statement also included items of a later period.

Bills for Newspapers.

Major Lake said he also received a bill from the *South China Morning Post*. He got the bill split up so that he could have an account showing what was due from the P.R.I. up to September 30, 1928. The bill was split up into accounts for Mount Austin, Victoria, Wellington and Murray Barracks, there being two for the latter.

The bill was for papers supplied to the barracks named, by order of the P.R.I. The accounts were not paid from January to September, the total amount being \$101.60. Witness said his attention was drawn to this account at the beginning of January, 1929. He had checked the bills and was satisfied that they were owing by the P.R.I.

He had also satisfied himself that the bills should have been shown as a liability in the balance sheet up to September, 1928. The bills were not included in the balance sheet.

(Continued on Page 8.)

ENGLAND'S FIRST TEST TEAM.

NINE OF THE AUSTRALIAN TOURISTS.

HOBBS UNFIT TO PLAY.

London, June 11. England's team for the First Test Match against South Africa, starting at Birmingham on Saturday, and continuing on Monday and Tuesday, has, says Reuter, been selected as follows:

J. C. White (Somerset), (captain),
P. G. H. Fender (Surrey),
K. S. Duleepsinghi (Sussex),
Stutcliffe (York),
Hammond (Gloucester),
Tate (Sussex),
Larwood (Notts),
Hendren (Middlesex),
Freeman (Kent),
Duckworth (Lancs),
Leyland (York).

E. T. Killick, the Cambridge Blue and Middlesex player, has been selected as twelfth man. The absence of Hobbs from the side is due to the fact that he was injured in the Test Trial yesterday and is unable to play.

The eleven includes nine of the team which toured Australia last winter, the newcomers being Fender and Duleepsinghi. There are four changes from the side which lost the Fifth Test in Australia, Stutcliffe returning to the side, and Freeman taking the place of Geary. A. P. F. Chapman is also a notable absentee; he has played practically no cricket this season. D. R. Jardine is also left out.

THE TEST TRIAL.

Heavy Scoring in First Innings.

Rebel Attacks in Venezuela.

Fierce Fighting for Town of Coro.

Willemsstad Sequel.

Caracas, June 11. As a sequel to the raid by Venezuelist rebels on the armoury of Willemsstad, in the Dutch colony of Curacao, an attack was launched to-day on the town of Coro, Venezuela, by five thousand rebels, some of whom carried out the raid on Willemsstad.

The garrison of Coro, however, had been forewarned of the attack, and assisted by the population, they drove off the rebels after hard fighting, in the course of which the commander of the garrison was fatally wounded.

The rebels finally fled in confusion, leaving many of their number dead, wounded and prisoners.

It is officially announced that Venezuela recently requested the Dutch authorities to extradite from Curacao, General Urbina, who is the leader of the rebels, but the request was met by a refusal.—*Reuter's American Service*.

Willemsstad, June 11.

Martial law has been proclaimed in order to prevent a repetition of Saturday's raid.

The Hague, June 11. The destroyer Kortenaar has embarked a detachment of marines and has left for the West Indies. It is expected to arrive at Curacao on June 22.

The battleship Hertog Hendrik is leaving for Curacao on June 13.—*Reuter*.

RUSSIAN "SOCIETY OF THE GODLESS."

ANNUAL CONGRESS OPENED IN MOSCOW.

Moscow, June 11. "There are millions of religious believers and only thousands of Godless, but we shall uproot religion and destroy its influence with the masses," comments the newspaper *Pravda* in an editorial heralding the opening of the annual congress of the Society of the Godless.

The congress opened in Moscow to-day, eight hundred delegates being in attendance. Maxim Gorky, the celebrated Russian author was on the platform and he was accorded an ovation. Many of the Soviet leaders were present.—*Reuter*.

THE TEST TRIAL AT LORD'S.

BRILLIANT BATTING BY ENGLAND.

NEARLY 500 RUNS AND YET NO CENTURIAN.

THE COUNTY MATCHES.

London, June 11. The Test Trial at Lord's has attracted considerable interest. Some bright cricket was seen, one extraordinary feature being "England's" score of 487 runs for 8 wickets, containing no individual century. P. G. H. Fender made 100 for the Rest.

Derbyshire resume their position at the head of the county championship table, and it is notable that even on the percentage system they would still hold their lead.

The principal individual feats in the past three days were:

Batting.

J. Timms (Northants) 113
O'Connor (Essex) 100
P. G. H. Fender (Rest) 100

Bowling.

Hardinge (Kent) 6 for 9
Gouldsberry (Glos.) 4 for 47
Clark (Northants) 6 for 52
Worthington (Derby) 5 for 21
G. Fowler (Warwick) 5 for 39
W. V. Robins (The Rest) 5 for 63

THE TEST TRIAL.

Heavy Scoring in First Innings.

The Test Trial at Lord's resulted in a draw, play ruling generally in favour of England.

The strength of England's batting was demonstrated in their first innings when 487 runs were scored for the loss of eight wickets, after which a declaration was made. The notable feature of the innings was that in spite of the heavy score no player reached three figures.

In reply, The Rest score 370, to which P. G. H. Fender contributed 100 in bright style. Freeman bowled for long spells and he had the satisfaction of taking five wickets though they cost him 182 runs.

England found the wicket difficult on resuming (117 runs ahead) and they were dismissed for 169. W. V. Robins, Middlesex, the Cambridge Blue, took 5 wickets for 68 runs.

The Rest had lost four wickets for 84 runs when time was called.

—*Reuter*.

YORKSHIRE SETBACK.

In A Difficult Position Against Sussex.

Yorkshire were in grave peril of experiencing their first defeat of the season at Leeds. Sussex hold the upper hand throughout, and gained five points for a lead on the first innings.

Sussex batted first and in spite of good bowling by Macaulay who took 5 for 54, compiled 261 runs. Yorkshire replied with 205, Bowley taking 6 wickets for 72 runs.

In their second knock, Sussex made 235, leaving Yorkshire to score 341 runs to win. Yorkshire had lost five wickets for 128 runs when stumps were drawn.

DERBYSHIRE VICTORY.

Worcester Collapse in First Innings.

Derbyshire won a low scoring match at Stourbridge by 116 runs. In the early stages it appeared to be touch and go, but Derbyshire gave an excellent showing in their second innings.

Batting first, Derby were dismissed for 115, Worcester faring still worse, scoring only 70. Worthington took 5 wickets for 21 runs. Derbyshire made 240 in their second knock and sent Worcester back for 100.

ANOTHER UPSET.

Surrey Lost to Derbyshire.

Lacking the services of P. G. H. Fender and Hobbs, Surrey went down unexpectedly to Northants, who won at Kettering by 127 runs. Northants, thanks to the amateur, J. Timms (118), made 281 in their first innings, and dismissed Surrey for 208 (Thomas 5 for 78).

(Continued on Page 8.)

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WELL WATER AND DISEASE RISKS.

REOPENING MOTION DEFEATED AT SANITARY BOARD.

OPINION DIVIDED.

The following motion put before the Sanitary Board yesterday by Mr. Wong Kwong-tin was defeated by the President giving his casting vote against it.

"That, in order to reduce the demand on reservoir water, this Board recommends that the Government should instruct the Building Authority as a temporary measure to approve of every application for the sinking and re-opening of wells, except in cases where existing structures may be endangered, the water derived from such sources to be utilised for washing and cleansing, reserving reservoir water for the purpose of drinking and for the preparation of food."

Moving the motion Mr. Wong Kwong-tin said:—The subject of the motion which stands in my name is by no means an original thought, although the putting to use of every kind of water, whether clean or muddy, sweet or salt is what I have always advocated. The problem we have to face is that we have insufficient water for a specific purpose, that is for drinking and for the preparation of food.

The very fact that there is a shortage of this what I might term high grade water would, so one would imagine, induce the strictest conservation of this supply; but what do we find still in practice? Such water is still being put to other uses: for the washing of gutters, we have sea water, for the flushing of closets we have nallah water; but what kind of water do we make use of for washing and cleansing in the home? Tap water. Water which should be reserved, because of its scarcity, for drinking and for the preparation of food, is being used for a purpose which well water, if it were available, would adequately fulfil.

A thrifty housewife would not dream of using fresh high grade butter for preparing food where ordinary cooking butter would do. No more would a careful banker dream of using banknote paper for his daily correspondence. Yet when it comes to water, the best grade is used for all purposes. What execrable waste!

A Crisis Reached.

The water supply of this colony has now reached a crisis. The most pressing question is not what we are going to do about the future—of course it is welcome news to learn that a pipe line is being laid across the harbour—but what are we going to do now? It is instant relief that the public seeks. Can we provide instant relief?

It seems to me that the motion I am bringing forward is a simple, effective remedy. Little or no cost need be incurred by the Government and the gentlemen of the Exchequer need entertain no fear on that score. In fact the remedy I am supporting is so simple that I am astonished it has not been carried out long before now. Is it because it is too simple?

I have framed the motion in the form of a recommendation, because although this Board is empowered by Ordinance to order the closing of wells which may be considered insanitary, no power is given to this Board to permit of their being opened, such power being vested solely in the Building Authority. Further, the remedy suggested is introduced as a temporary measure in order that any member of this Board, who doubts the advisability of permitting a continuous supply of well water, may be assured that as soon as conditions again become normal, these wells will be closed.

Only Two Objections.

To come to the gist of the motion, it amounts to a general

granting of permission to open wells, except in cases where danger might be caused to some existing structure. When a well is opened it does not necessarily pass out of the control of this Board, which has still power to order its closing if it should prove insanitary.

In the course of my discussions with those well qualified to pronounce opinions on such a subject, there have been pointed out to me only two objections to the opening of wells and I shall proceed to deal with them in turn.

The first is that once well water is made available, there is no means of restricting its use to washing and cleansing; it will most likely be used for drinking. To that my answer is, if a person chooses to drink unwholesome water, that is to say presuming well water is unwholesome, there is nothing to prevent him from doing so. Supplies of unwholesome water are available now. What are coolies obtaining from the hill nallahs but in the main contaminated cast-off water of some Peak mansion?

Can it be said that well water is more contaminated than gutter water mixed with kitchen refuse which is now being drawn for use from the nallahs beside Peak Road and Glencaly? Can the law prevent the drinking of water from such sources, no matter how dirty it is? It is my contention that if people were advised to drink only reservoir water and to use well water for washing that such will be observed.

In Canton and Macao.

The second argument arises out of the first, that if well water were used for drinking, it would be difficult to prevent outbreaks of cholera and typhoid. I venture to assert that even if well water were so used, outbreaks of cholera or typhoid are not bound to follow. Would our Medical Officer of Health and other medical experts maintain that the opening of wells and such epidemics go together as cause and effect? Would they say that as soon as wells are opened there will be an outbreak of cholera or typhoid? I, on the other hand, am bold enough to declare that as soon as wells are opened, immediate relief will be given to the water situation.

Then I might ask, what do they use in Macao and in a great part of the mainland but well water. Are there outbreaks of cholera or typhoid there? Have not some of us who have visited Canton seen the floating population using river water for drinking purposes and surviving? The secret appears to be that however unsafe water may be, it immediately becomes safe on being boiled, a habit generally observed by the Chinese who constitute 98% of the population of the Colony.

Guard Against Inaction.

I must admit that if wells are freely dug, the possibility exists that some may contain polluted water and I suggest that heavy doses of chloride of lime be used in such cases.

In my opinion the opening of wells is the best solution and if any member can suggest a better scheme, I shall only be too willing to support it. It is inaction that this Board has to guard against. The public needs water—a pressing need indeed, and I suggest a means of supplying it. Let others come forward with their schemes, but let no one attempt to pull mine to pieces without bringing forward constructive suggestions.

Obtaining Every Drop.

Seconding, Mr. T. N. Chau said:—Although I am not in agreement with all Mr. Wong Kwong-tin's remarks, I have not the slightest doubt that the re-opening of old wells and the sinking of new ones would do much towards relieving the demand on our already sadly depleted reservoirs. It is true that the Government is sparing no efforts to obtain supplies from various sources, but, none the less, such supplies will not be sufficient to dispense with what we can secure from wells, especially on the higher levels. I submit that every additional drop of water

we can obtain should be obtained, provided that the health of the Colony is not thereby impaired.

While I appreciate the fact that every precaution should be taken to ensure that the water yield from any well should not be the means of spreading disease and should, as far as possible, be confined to washing and cleansing purposes, such precaution should not be carried to the length of prohibiting the opening of any wells whatsoever for the object we have in view.

If they were correctly reported, the Hon. Dr. Kotewall and the Hon. Dr. Tse in an interview with the Press a few days ago, said that His Excellency the Governor had no objection to the opening of any well provided the Hon. Director of Medical and Sanitary Services reports to him that its water is good. I earnestly appeal to all members of this Board to give the experiment a trial which, after all, is only a temporary measure to meet the present emergency. It has the merit of being simple and economical, and which, in addition, has already provided for it the safeguard imposed by His Excellency the Governor.

HON. MR. BRAGA OPPOSES.

Resolution Described as Being Fraught With Danger.

The Hon. Mr. J. P. Braga opposed the motion. In addressing the Board he said:—This is the third time within the past twenty years that a motion similar to that under discussion has been brought up at a meeting of the full Board. In 1909 the Hon. Dr. Tse's resolution was defeated. In 1922 Sir Shouson Chow's motion met a similar fate. It will cause me no surprise if the resolution just moved by the senior Chinese member is rejected after discussion this afternoon.

It is easy to understand that on each of these three occasions the discussion should be originated by a Chinese member. It is not difficult to understand also that the Board, as a whole, in its advisory capacity to Government and as the trusted guardians of public health may not be willing to accept the motion.

That the Chinese members should feel deep concern over the acute water shortage no one will be found to dispute. Indeed, it speaks much for their public spirit that they are exhibiting so much active interest in the matter. It was only yesterday that I received a visit from a leading Chinese gentleman seeking to enlist my sympathy with the well-opening movement. The Chinese concern and anxiety are shared by all classes of the community alike, whose sympathy for the difficulties and trials of the industrial and working classes is only equalled by their eagerness to provide a solution for a problem which the best talents in the Colony, gathered from all sections of the inhabitants, are combining in order to devise the quickest and the most efficient remedial measures to meet a situation without precedent in the history of the Colony.

Danger of Disease.

Assuming, for the sake of argument, that the resolution just proposed and seconded is adopted, do its supporters believe that the benefit derivable from the reopening of a few wells in the urban areas of the Colony is going to yield any appreciable quantity of water so as to afford relief to the poorer inhabitants commensurate with the risks involved to public health in an outbreak of typhoid or cholera traceable to sewage-contaminated water?

At best the yield is so negligible that it need not be taken into account for all practical purposes. On the other hand, let us picture in our mind's eye the effects of a serious outbreak of any virulent disease in an epidemic form. Imagine to ourselves the material damage and economic loss in a heavy mortality among the population, dislocation of industries, and the imposition of quarantine against all shipping from Hongkong.

From the papers which had been circulated to members by order of the Head of the Sanitary Department I have compiled the following short statement which should be

(Continued on Page 3.)

The Wonderful Breatheable Medicine.

PEPS

Indispensable For

COUGHS, COLDS, INFLUENZA, SORE THROAT, BRONCHITIS etc.

In Bottles of All Sizes

DEFY SUMMER'S HEAT WITH VERITY'S

CEILING DESK

"MALABAR" 56" 12"

"PINDI" 48" 14" 16"

ALL BRITISH FANS

NOW OBTAINABLE IN ALL SIZES

From: **SHEWAN TOMES & Co.**

SOLE AGENTS.

NUGGET polishes the shoes of the World

Mr. Vandyke Brown, to relieve the monotony of life at the Pole, plays a practical joke and thereby advertises a famous Boot Polish

"NUGGET" polishes the shoes of the World

ROUND THE WORLD SERIES, No. 6

'Below par'

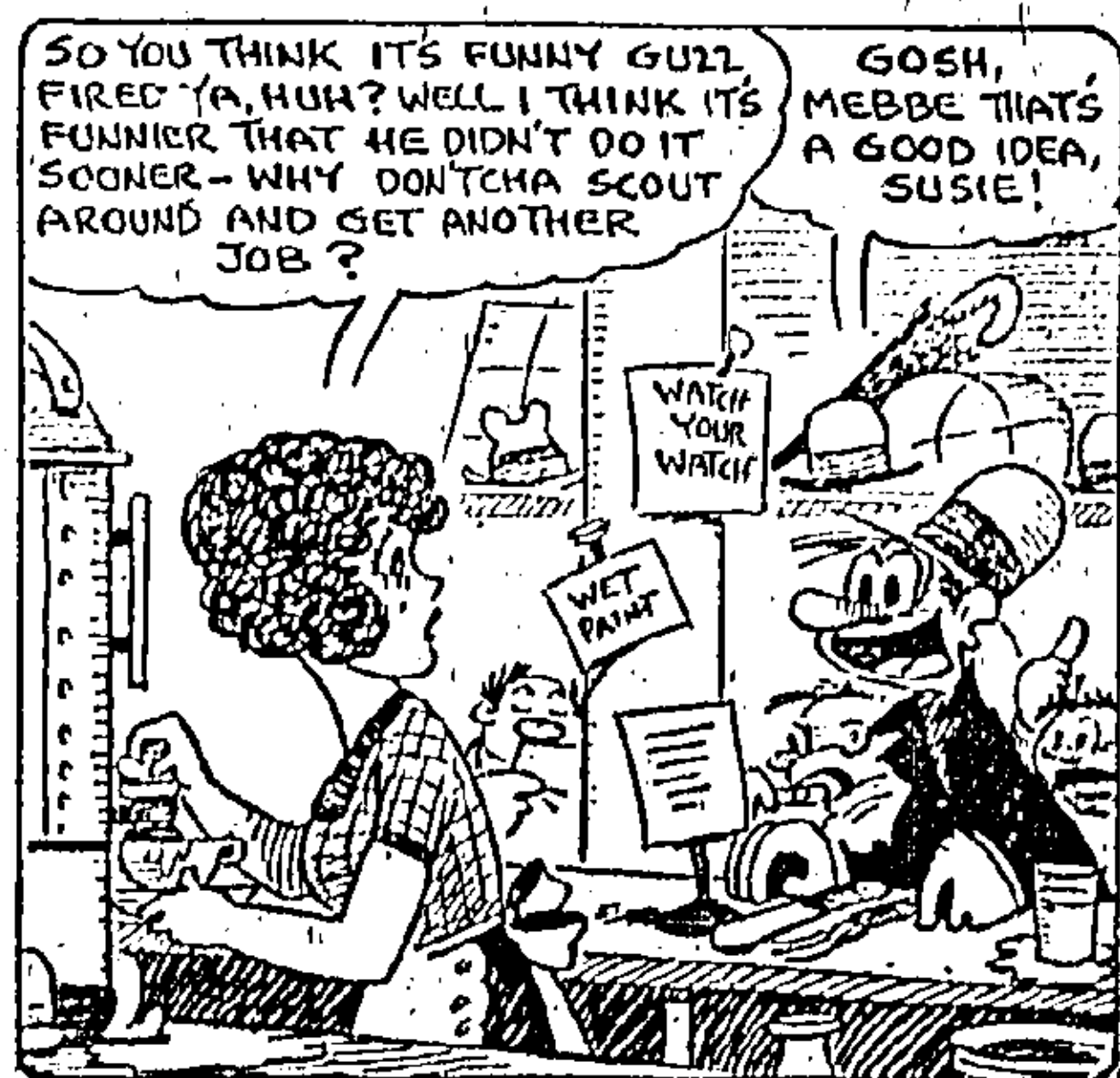
If you are run down and far from well—try SCOTT'S Emulsion.

It builds up the body, heals the lungs and tones up the system. Ask for

SCOTT'S Emulsion
The protector of life



SALESMAN SAM

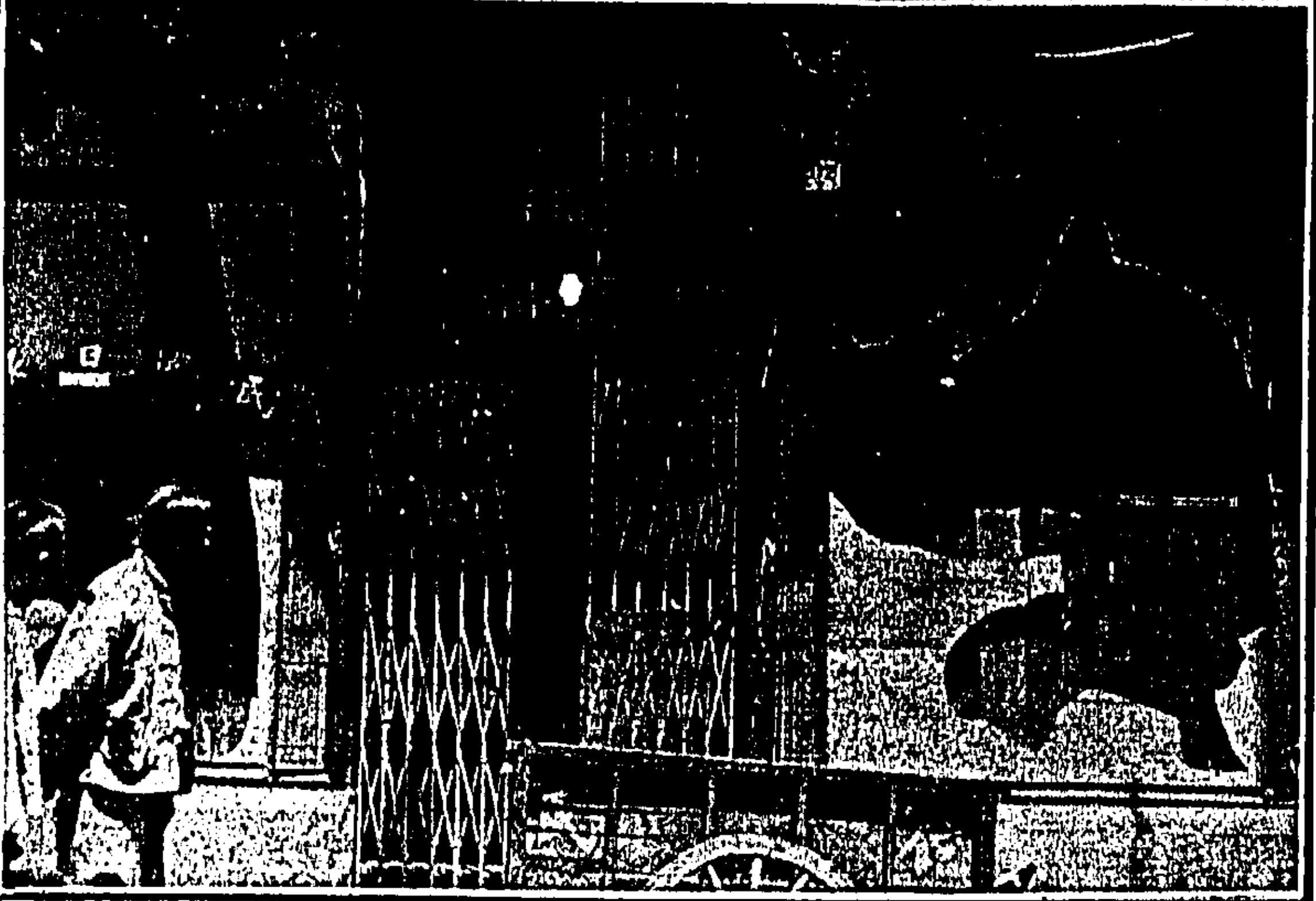
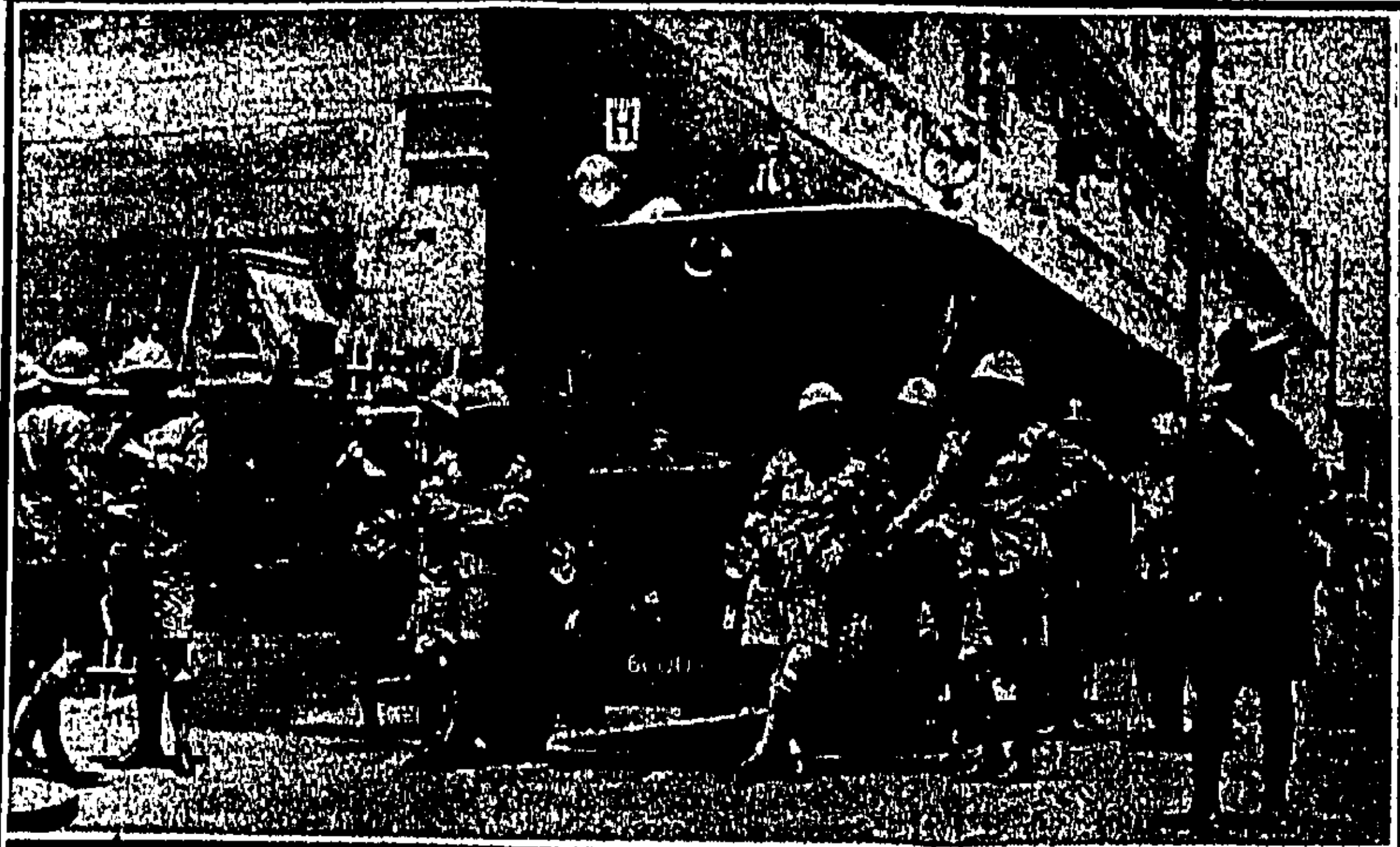


Misunderstanding Some Place



By Small





Disorders in several parts of Shanghai occurred on May 30, when mobs, apparently incited by Communists, attacked foreigners, smashed up motor cars and even stormed the offices of the "Shun Pao," a local Chinese newspaper. Top picture shows the riot squad and the "Red Maria" on duty in Nanking Road. Lower picture shows damage done to the offices of the "Shun Pao" by the mob.



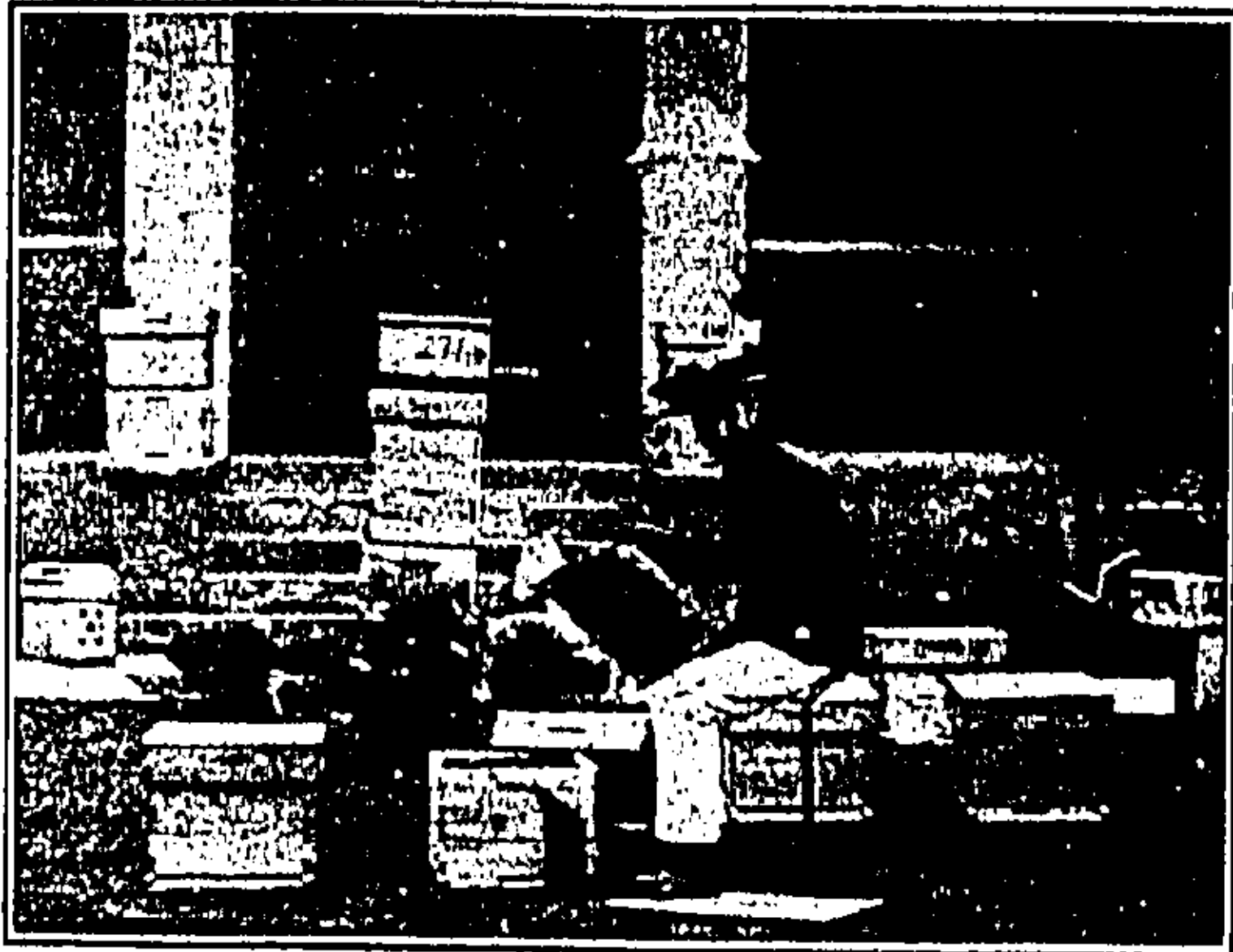
After an angry mob attacked the offices of the "Shun Pao" on the morning of May 30, and broke the windows, police guards were put outside, and wire screens were placed over the windows to prevent further attacks.



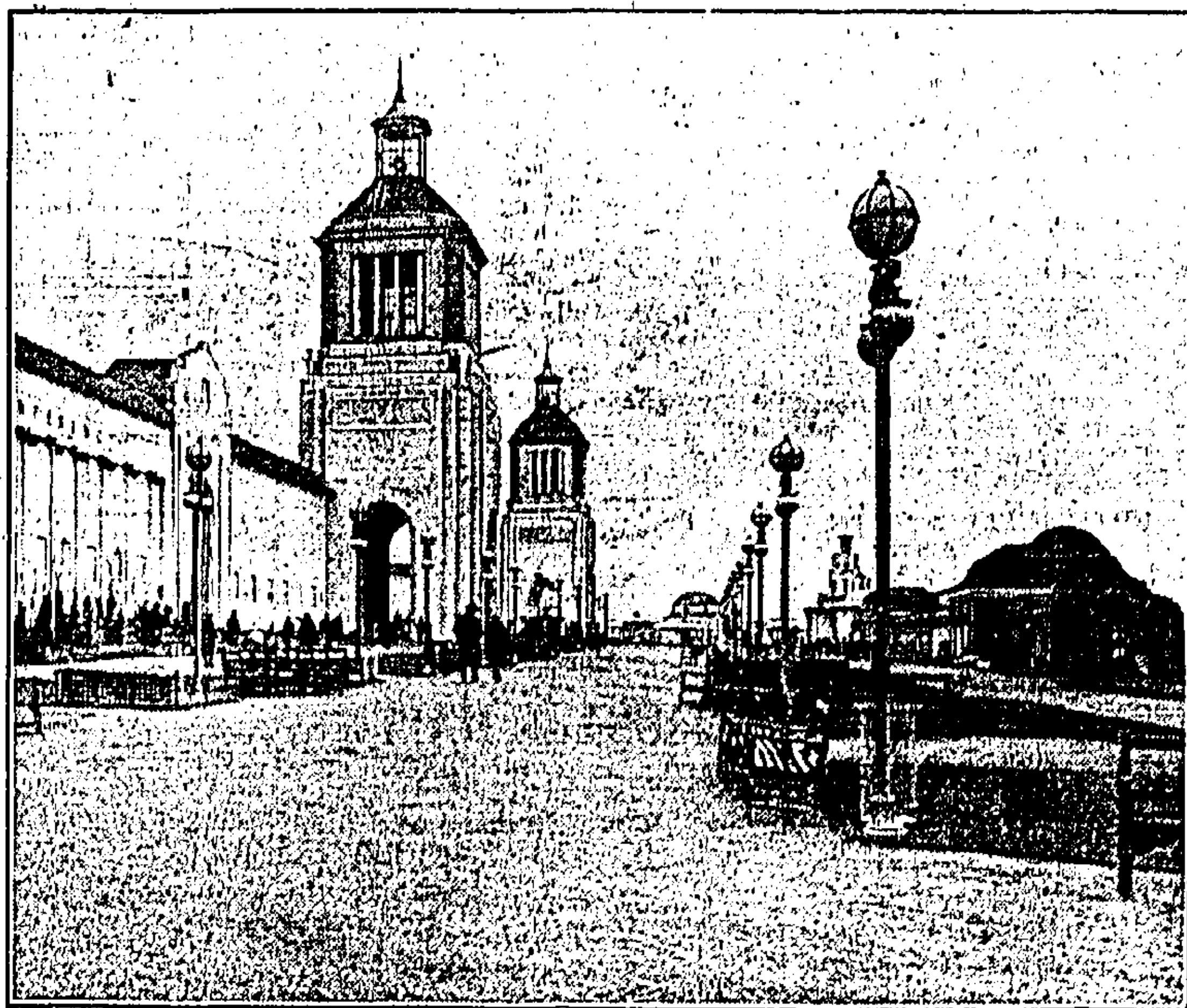
The annual custom of bringing a basket of May flowers to the First Lady of the Land on Child Health Day was observed when these children called upon Mrs. Herbert Hoover at the White House in Washington. Mrs. Hoover is shown accepting the floral gift from her young admirers. The custom was inaugurated five years ago.



The scene at the opening of Rhodes House, Oxford. Sir Otto Beit, the senior trustee, is seen speaking with Lord Grey of Fallodon, the Chancellor of the University, seated next to him. (Times copyright).



Our photograph shows the Shao Yuen Apiary at Kunshan. It is here that Italian bees are raised.



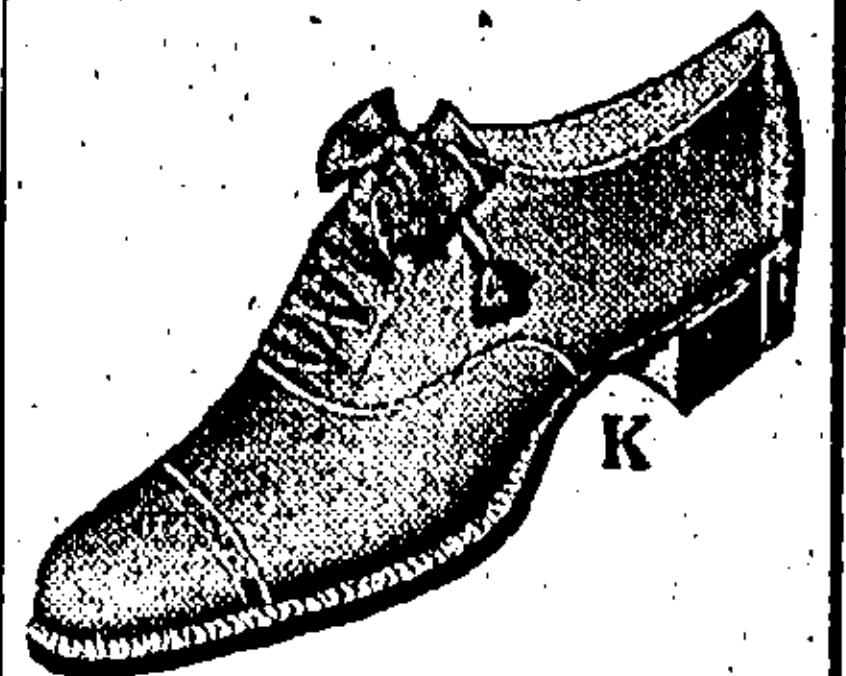
H. R. H. The Prince of Wales recently opened the North-East Coast Exhibition on Town Moor, Newcastle. The Exhibition displays arts, industries and culture of the North-East of England. Our picture shows the Main Avenue—the Palaces of Engineering and Industries are on the left, and the Palace of Arts at the end of the avenue. (Times copyright).



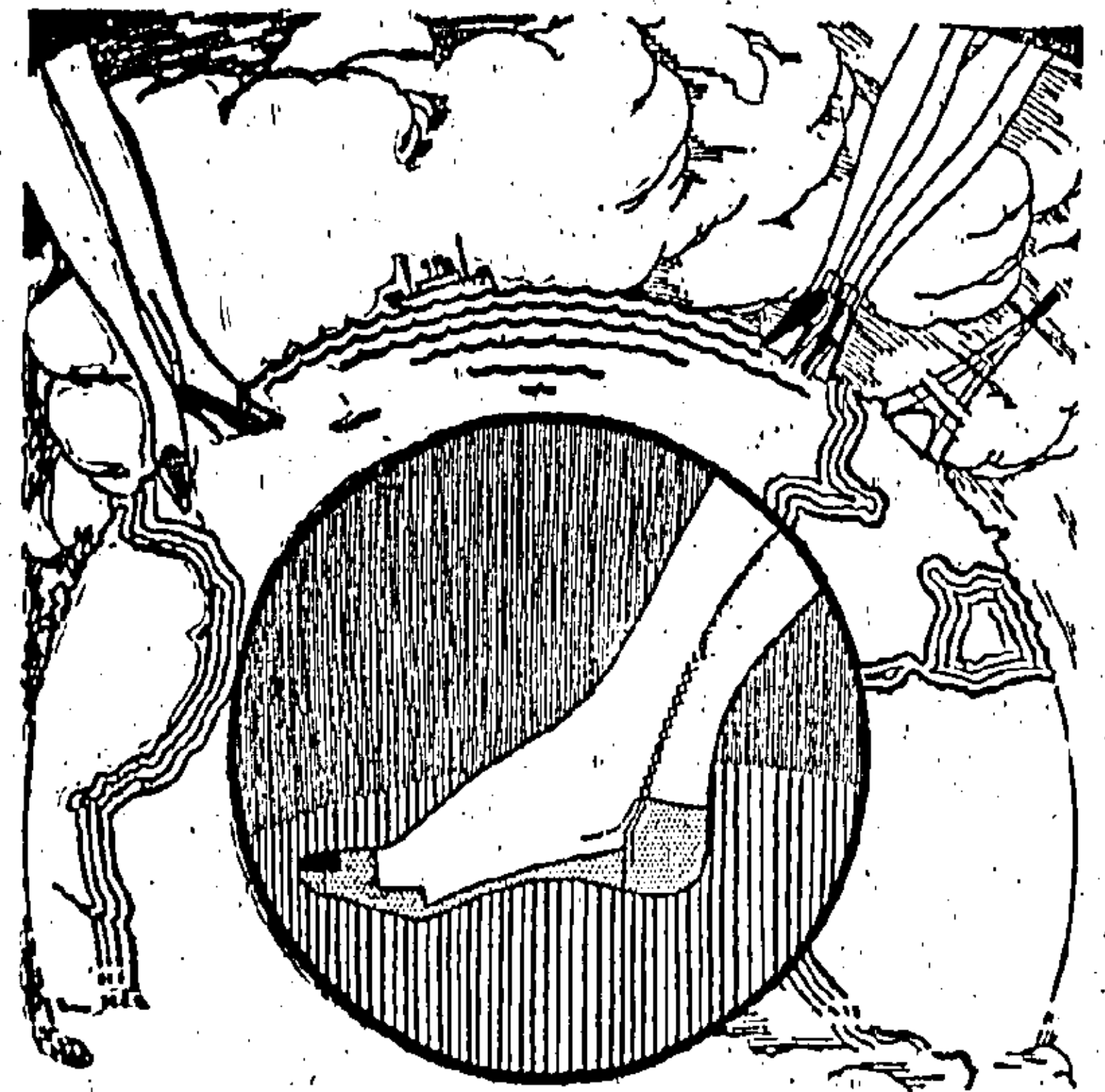
Of wide interest was the wedding in Shanghai on May 28 at the Ohel Rachel Synagogue of Miss Gotta Eve Strok, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Strok, and Mr. Alfred Lionel Zimmerman, of Tientsin, son of Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Zimmerman. The photograph shows (left to right) Miss Jennie Kostava and Miss Lydia Strok, bridesmaids; the bride, the groom, Miss Luba Strok, maid-of-honour; and Mr. Fred Elias, best man. Little Miss Ellie Strok, flower girl, is standing in front of the group.

K SHOES FIT!

Try the shoes you are wearing now. Does it fit closely round the heel and ankle, or is there a gap you can put your fingers in? If you want shoes that fit trimly at the back without squeezing your foot across the toes, ask us to show you "Plus Fitting Ks." These are shoes made with the heel part one fitting narrower than the fore-part. So you get a neat fit at the heel and plenty of room for your toes.



Mackintosh's



Universal Fame for Wear

WOMEN who wear Holeproof Hosiery appreciate the meaning of Ex Toe reinforcement... the undetectable extra threads of strength woven in at the toe. This Ex Toe reinforcement imparts three times more wear to these exquisite silk stockings.

And Holeproof colours are always new—even in advance—because they are continually changed by the hand of Lucile herself at Paris. Don't forget that no other hosiery can offer this Lucile service. It is an exclusive Holeproof feature.

Holeproof Hosiery

2207 Broadway, New York, U. S. A.
Representative:

KELLER, KERN & COMPANY LIMITED.
P. O. Box 659, Hongkong.

WHITEAWAYS

THE HOUSE FOR HELMETS.

THE "IMPERIAL" TROPICAL SUN HELMET

THE "IMPERIAL" HELMET.

English Made Helmet.



Made from especially light fibre with crown lined felt, covered by Strong White Drill. This Civilian Helmet is constructed perfectly to the best detail, and will be found of excellent shape and fit.

Standard Value Price

\$7.50

WHITEAWAYS STANDARD VALUE

Call and Inspect.

Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Ltd.

TO-DAY'S WANTS

25 WORDS — ONE DOLLAR

(\$1.50 IF NOT PREPAID)

The following replies have been received:—

295, 300, 301, 305, 306, 315 344, 363, 371.
374, 376, 381, 385, 411, 426, 427, 443, 445
455, 461, 462, 465, 474, 476, 486, 505, 512.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED.—Young Chinese male stenographer for Amoy. Reply Secretary, P.O. Box 22.

WANTED.—Young Chinese male stenographer for English correspondence in Tourane. Reply Secretary, P.O. Box 22.

WANTED.

WANTED.—A House of five or six rooms with garden preferred. Please write Room 301, Hongkong Hotel.

WANTED.—Piano-Accordeon. Good Price for good instrument. Write Box 529, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

CARS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Minerva Cabriolet.—Excellent mechanical condition. Recently thoroughly overhauled. Owner will sacrifice cheap for quick sale. Reply Box No. 530, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

FOR SALE.—Packard, 7 seater. Touring Car in excellent condition. Apply Hongkong Hotel Garage.

"Oxford remains the most incomparable and most beautiful city in the world."—Lord Birkenhead.

President Hoover has wired congratulating General Ballington Booth (a son of the Salvation Army founder) on the 50th anniversary of his ministry as head of the Volunteers of America (a religious reform organisation).

PREMISES TO LET.

TO LET or FOR SALE.—On Broadwood Road, two semi-detached 5 roomed HOUSES, with tennis court and garage to each house. Write Secretary, Post Office Box No. 22.

TO LET.—NO. 14, Knutsford Terrace, Kimberley Road, Kowloon, 5 roomed house with tennis court and view of harbour. Apply Mr. See Kon Chi, Exchange Building (3rd floor).

APARTMENTS TO LET.

VICTORIA PRIVATE HOTEL, HANKOW ROAD, KOWLOON, rooms with full board from \$95, to \$130, per month, double rooms for 2 persons with full board from \$180 per month, daily rates from \$4 per day, European management. Tel. K.367.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—On Broadwood Road, 3 roomed BUNGALOW. Write Secretary, Post Office Box No. 22.

FOR SALE

1. CINE-KODAK.
Model A.
19. Lens.

with Telephoto attachment and slow motion gear.
Complete with stand but can be used without.

on view at

Brewer & Co.

Booksellers, Opposite Hongkong Hotel.

THE NAVY'S CHOICE

Gates
ORIGINAL

PLYMOUTH GIN

OBTAINABLE.

EVERYWHERE.

For your floor—furniture—and every domestic article requiring a stained and varnished finish

"Wilheyla"

Oil Varnish Stains

IN

Oaks—Walnut
Mahogany—Satinwood
Rosewood—Ebony Black

Can be applied by anyone
Always reliable, never sticky.
Non-poisonous and Durable.

AGENTS:—

S. C. LAY & CO.

Alexandra Building.

Telephone C. 763.

Wilkinson, Heywood & Clark

SHANGHAI.

HONGKONG.

New Advertisements

KWONG HANG & CO.

TEL. C.2786.
49, Des Voeux Road Central.
Government and Admiralty Coal Contractors.
HOUSE COAL.
Peak at \$23.00 per ton.
Upper Level \$22.00 " "
Middle Level \$21.00 " "
Central Office \$20.00 " "
Kowloon \$17.00 " "
The above prices include delivery charges to destination.

"PEAK MANSIONS."

SITUATED—within Two Minutes' Walk from the Tram Station and overlooking the Southern Side of the Island. Ready for Occupation.
Five-Roomed and Six-Roomed APARTMENTS.
with all Modern Conveniences, Drying Rooms and Out-houses, Two Lifts.
Apply to—
CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME-ORIENT.

ARE Y U SICK?

Why Continue To Suffer. Get The Poo On Chinese Herbs and Get Well. Constipation; Rheumatism; Dropsy; Typhoid Fever; Nervousness; and Diabetes. Yee Foo Lun, Chinese Herbalist, Managing Director. Entrance 66, Queen's Road Central, Tel. C.5009.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICES.

OCEAN STEAM SHIP CO., LTD.
AND
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Consignees per Company's Vessel, "MACHAON"

From UNITED KINGDOM and CONTINENTAL PORTS via are hereby notified that their cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf Kowloon, where it will be at Consignee's risk and subject to terms and conditions of storage at Holt's Wharf. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Godown on and after 12th June.

Optional cargo will not be landed here, unless notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival, but carried on from port to port to the last port of call to which the option extends. All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and noon within the free storage period. No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 18th June, will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 2nd July, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.
Hongkong, 12th June, 1929.

NOW ON SALE

Latest Dance Music
Orchestration & Victor
Orthophonic Records
as well.

A Gay Caballero.
Chiquita.
Sonny Boy.
That's My Weakness Now.
Carolina Moon.
Angela Mia. (My Angel).
Neapolitan Nights.
Ramona.
Little Mother.
Laugh, Clown, Laugh.
My Inspiration is You.
Old Man River.
Bum Song.
Hallujah, I'm a Bum.
Beggars of Life.
Get out and get under the Moon.
Memories of France.
Poor Punchinello.
Song of the Prune.
There's Rainbow round my shoulder.
Varsity Drag.
Where were you, where was I.
The Best things in Life are Free.

&c., &c., &c.

TSANG FOOK PIANO CO.

Ice House Street,

Tel. C.4648.

Lammert's Auctions

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

on THURSDAY, the 13th June, 1929, commencing at 2.30 p.m. at their Sales Room, Duddell Street

A Large Quantity of Silk Materials.

Silk Dress Lengths, Silk Pyjamas, Silk Hosiery, Silk Coats, Silk Kimonos, Silk Handkerchiefs, Coolie Coats, etc., etc.

and
A Quantity of E. P. Ware.
Terms:—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS. Auctioneers

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEES.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

Of the valuable leasehold property situate at The Peak, Hongkong

and known as
"Craigmin West" No. 506 The Peak (formerly No. 161 The Peak) erected upon Section A of Rural Building Lot No. 71. Annual Crown rent \$89.00. Area 9,020 square feet.

To be sold in one lot
by
PUBLIC AUCTION
on FRIDAY,
the 14th day of June, 1929, at 3 o'clock p.m.

by
MESSRS. LAMMERT BROS.,
at their Auction Rooms, Duddell Street, Victoria, Hongkong.
For further Particulars and Conditions of Sale

Apply to
MESSRS. JOHN N. STOKES & MASTER,
Solicitors for the Vendors, or to

MESSRS. LAMMERT BROS.,
The Auctioneers,
Hongkong, June 1, 1929.

EXPERT MASSEUR.
and all kinds of chronic ailments.
Madame E. AKAJI.
Madame H. MORITA.
14, Arbuthnot Road (top floor),
Tel. No. C.4395 Cures Rheumatism, Nervousness.

MRS. MOTONO
HAND & ELECTRIC
MASSAGE

No. 51B, Top Floor, Wyndham St. Hongkong.

MASSAGE HALL

MRS. S. UZUNOYE

Expert Masseuse

37, Queen's Road C, 2nd floor.

MASSEUR R. SHIMIDZU.
MASSEUSE S. HONDA.
MASSEUSE S. KISAKI.
Recommended for many years by Government Civil Hospital, Peak Hospital, etc. and by all the local Doctors.
No. 24, Wyndham Street. Tel. C.4111.

FOR ONLY

\$380

(Hong Kong Currency)

You can buy

FRIGIDAIRE

PRODUCT OF GENERAL MOTORS

and be assured of carefree and positively safe

AUTOMATIC REFRIGERATION

A visit to our showroom will convince you of the wonderful convenience and economy of this modern necessity.

DODWELL & Co., Ltd.

Sole Distributors for Hongkong & South China

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Queen's Building.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICES.

OCEAN STEAM SHIP CO., LTD.

And
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Consignees per Company's Vessel, "PROTESILAUS"
From SEATTLE, VANCOUVER and VICTORIA via JAPAN.

are requested to take delivery of Flour, and Lumber shipments as soon as the vessel is ready to discharge and are hereby notified that if their lighters are not placed alongside the steamer as required, their shipments will be discharged into Holt's Wharf Kowloon, at their expense, where the cargo will be also at their risk and expense and subject to the terms and conditions of storage at Holt's Wharf. Steamer will commence discharge on the 13th June.

General cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf Kowloon, where it will be at Consignee's risk and subject to the terms and conditions of storage at Holt's Wharf. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from the Godown on and after 18th June.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and noon within the free storage period.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after 19th June, will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 3rd July, or they will not be recognised.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.
Hongkong, 12th June, 1929.

National Health Insurance receipts in 1928 approximately \$34,670,000; payments \$33,740,000.

LETTER GOLF.

To-day's puzzle is a DAWN to DUSK flight over the letter golf links.

D	A	W	N
D	U	S	K

1—The idea of letter golf is to change one word to another and do it in part, a given number of strokes. Thus to change COW to HEN, in three strokes, COW, HOW HEW HEN.
—You can change only one letter at a time.
2—You must have a complete word, of common usage, for each jump. Slang words and abbreviations don't count.
3—The order of letters cannot be changed.
4—One solution is printed on another page.

POST OFFICE NOTICE

RADIO NOTICE.

The Radio Office, where full information concerning all wireless services may be obtained at all times, is situated on the ground floor of the P. and O. Building in Des Voeux Road, next to the General Post Office. Individuals and firms are recommended to register their telegraphic addresses at the Radio Office. No charge is made for this. The Public are again reminded that the postage on newspapers published in Hongkong and addressed to British Possessions, China and Macao is 2 cents per 4 ozs. and not 2 cents per newspaper. When the postage is not fully prepaid newspapers cannot be forwarded and if they do not bear the sender's names and addresses they are disposed of in the Dead Letter Office. Until further notice radio telegrams will be accepted for transmission to the Kwangai Stations at Wuchow, Nanning and Luichow, at \$0.10 per word—the receiving station charge will be payable by the addressee. A similar charge will be collected at Hong Kong on messages from these places.

INWARD MAIL.

From	Per	Date
Shanghai and Swatow	Sui Yang	June 12.
Shanghai and Europe via Siberia (London 20th and 21st May)	Chekkiang	June 18.
Japan, Shanghai, and Europe via Siberia (London 22nd—24th May)	Yokohama Maru	June 13.
Shanghai and Amoy	Yingchow	June 13.
Japan and Shanghai	Atsuta Maru	June 14.
Europe via Negapatam, letters only (London, 16th May)	Lahn	June 14.
U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai	Pres Adams	June 15.
Shanghai	Jeypore	June 15.
Canada, U.S.A., Japan and Shanghai	Empress of Russia	June 17.
U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai	Pres. Madison	June 17.
Manila	Pres. Cleveland	June 17.
Europe Negapatam, papers only (London 16th May)	Alipore	June 17.
Japan and Shanghai	Angers	June 18.
Saigon	Andre Lebon	June 18.
Australia and Manila	Aki Maru	June 20.
Japan and Shanghai	Rajputana	June 21.

OUTWARD MAIL.

To	Per	Date and Time
Samshui and Wuchow	Tai Ming	Wed, June 12, 4 p.m.
Amoy via Swatow	Hong Hwa	Wed, June 12, 5 p.m.
Shanghai	Machon	Wed, June 12, 6 p.m.
Shanghai and Japan	Tilington Court	Thurs, June 13, 10.30 a.m.
Swatow	Hydrangea	Thurs, June 13, 2.30 p.m.
Poochow	Kueichow	Thurs, June 13, 3.30 p.m.
Holhow, Pakhoi and Haiphong	Ichang	Fri, June 14, 8.30 a.m.
Manila and parcels for Germany via Hamburg	Sauerland	Fri, June 14, 10.30 a.m.
Straits and Calcutta	Talma	Fri, June 14, 1 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Poochow	Parcels	Noon
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles	Letters	1 p.m.
	Hai Ching	Fri, June 14, 1 p.m.
	Atsuta Maru	Sat, June 15.
	P.O.	Registration June 14, 4.30 p.m.
	Letters	June 15, 9.00 a.m.
	G.P.O.	Registration 8.45 a.m.
	Letters	 9.30 a.m.
	(Due Marseilles, 16th July.)	
Swatow and Bangkok	Kwanchow	Sat, June 15, 1.30 p.m.
Manila	Pres. Adams	Sat, June 15, 5 p.m.
Amoy	Kiungchow	Sat, June 15, 5 p.m.
Sandakan	Mausang	Sat, June 15, 5 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa	Hozan Maru	Sun, June 16, 9 a.m.
Shanghai, Japan and Victoria B. C.	Shidzuoka Maru	Mon, June 17, 8.30 a.m.
	(Due Victoria B. C. 12th July.)	
Straits and Calcutta	Yuenang	Mon, June 17.
	Parcels	noon
	Letters	1 p.m.
Japan, Honolulu, U.S.A., Canada, Central and South America, Europe via San Francisco and Europe via Siberia	Pres. Cleveland	Mon, June 17.
	Parcels	3 p.m.
	Registration	4.15 p.m.
	Letters	 5 p.m.
	(Due San Francisco, 10th July.)	
Shanghai and Europe via Siberia	Pres. Cleveland	Mon, June 17.
	Registration	4.15 p.m.
	Letters	 5 p.m.
	(Due Marseilles, 20th July.)	
Amoy	Kamsang	Tues, June 18, 8.30 a.m.
Manila, Australia and New Zealand via Thursday Island	Change	Tues, June 18.
	Registration	June 18, 9.45 a.m.
	Letters	 10.30 a.m.
	(Due Thursday Island, 20th June.)	
Fort Bayard, Holhow, Pakhoi and Haiphong	Tonkin	Tues, June 18, 1 p.m.
Shanghai, Japan and Europe via Siberia	Andre Lebon	Tues, June 18, 1.30 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Poochow	Hai Ning	Tues, June 18, 2 p.m.
Saigon, Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles	Angers	Tues, June 18.
	K.P.O.	Registration 1 p.m.
	Letters	 1 p.m.
	G.P.O.	Registration 1.45 p.m.
	Letters	 2.30 p.m.
	(Due Marseilles, 20th July.)	
Manila	Emp. of Russia	Tues, June 18, 3.30 p.m.
Manila	Pres. Madison	Tues, June 18, 4.30 p.m.
Swatow	Yatching	Wed, June 19, 8.30 a.m.
Japan	Aki Maru	Fri, June 21, 9.30 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Poochow	Haiyang	Fri, June 21, 1 p.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Bombay, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles	Rajputana	Sat, June 22.
	K.P.O.	Registration June 21, 4.30 p.m.
	Registration	June 22, 9 a.m.
	Letters	 10 a.m.
	G.P.O.	Registration June 21, 5 p.m.
	Registration	June 22, 9.45 a.m.
	Letters	 10.30 a.m.
	(Due Marseilles, 20th July.)	

*Correspondence bearing vessel's name only.

ROULETTE RAIDS.

POLICE BARRICADE AFFAIR IN SHANGHAI.

Shanghai, June 11.
It is announced that the Municipal authorities have issued several summonses, British subjects being among those listed, after police barricaded the premises at No. 151, Bubbling Well Road, where there was alleged to be a roulette wheel, taking the names of all those emerging.
The names of those summoned and the nature of the charges are not divulged.—Our Own Correspondent.

SWEDISH AIRMAN.

THE FLIGHT RESUMED.

Reykjavik, June 11.
The "Sverige" left for Iwigt at 6.35 this morning on resuming the trans-Atlantic flight.—Reuter.
Airman Returns.
Copenhagen, June 11.
The "Sverige" returned to Reykjavik at nine this morning.—Reuter.
Mrs. Gilman, a New York musical comedy actress, is to marry Prince Luis of Bourbon.

HUNTLEY & PALMERS



AFTERNOON TEA BISCUITS

—WELL NAMED AND WELL FAMED

A dozen tempting varieties of sweet Biscuits and Wafers for afternoon tea, receptions and parties.

Obtainable from all High-Class Provision Stores.

WOMAN'S WORLD

FOR OUR LADY READERS.

Your Children.

[By Olive Roberts Barton.]

There are so many lovely stories in the world, handed down through the centuries, why not tell the children about them.

The other day I saw two children picking violets and they came out on a tiny pond with a large patch of narcissus growing near it.

"The children wondered 'what you called' the white flower. So of course I had to speak up and air my skippy language:

"The ancient Greeks had a habit of including flowers in their religion. Whether they believed all their beautiful myths to be really true or not we don't know. But it was a lovely custom.

"And one of their loveliest stories is about this little flower.

"Narcissus was the handsome young son of the River God, with whom Echo, a beautiful nymph of the mountains, fell in love.

"But just like a lot of good looking chaps nowadays, Narcissus liked to be run after. And he treated Echo dreadfully—would not look at her at all.

"Now Echo was a favourite of—let me see—one of the gods or goddesses, Hera or Nemesis, I think it was, who grew indignant over the whole affair, particularly when at last, worn out with love, Echo pined away until nothing was left but her voice.

"So what did Nemesis do, yes, it was Nemesis, daughter of the God of Night—what did she do but make Narcissus drink at a magic fountain which caused him to fall in love with his own beautiful image in the water.

"Narcissus thought his image to be a beautiful but unattainable water nymph. At last he, too, pined away and died, and this lovely flower grew up instantly at the place."

"Do you know any other stories about flowers?" asked one of the girls gazing thoughtfully at the white blossoms.

I didn't. But I told her I was going to learn. And I am, if only to tell other children.



Carried out in beige and wine-red silk foulard, this engaging dress combines several of the season's accepted features: the tiered, kilted skirt, each tier edged with plain beige taffetas; the bolero outline on the bodice, also edged with taffetas; the taffetas turn-over collar and bow, and the red suede belt indicating the natural waistline.

Being Secretary to an M.P.

[By a Girl Who Is.]

Have you ever thought about being private secretary to a member of Parliament? Here are a few of the things that it may involve:

Your employer may want you at any time—often at incredibly short notice—between 9.30 a.m. and 11 p.m., at the House of Commons, his office, his home, or, perhaps, yours, or your club if you happen to live in one. Having arranged the hour of forgetting, he will be anything up to an hour and a half late—with perhaps no excuse. For the debate in the Chamber may have been interesting, he may have had questions to ask, divisions may have delayed him, he may have been kept in the City, his family may have demanded his presence at some domestic function, or perhaps it was a wonderful day and he just had to have another round of golf—there may be any, or no, reason.

Perhaps With a Frayed Temper. Possibly when he does come his temper may be very frayed—a previous all-night sitting, a gentle (yet merited) rebuke from the Speaker, an especially tiresome committee, a meal with a dull and troublesome (but influential) constituent, a bad meeting with a subsequent long railway journey—any of these may be the cause. Or it may be merely a very heavy mail, which is easier for a private secretary to cope with than all the rest put together.

"Accomplish impossibilities." He will probably want you to accomplish impossibilities—cash crossed cheques, be in at least two different places at once, type six letters to catch the country post at least half an hour after it has gone. He will demand figures,

possible and impossible, at a moment's notice, and then not use them. For this you will have to force your unwelcome self upon busy officials at the various Ministries. Fortunately, the fact that you are private secretary to an M.P. acts as an open sesame almost anywhere.

He will dictate interminably long letters that you could answer in two minutes yourself, and will suddenly start dictating all the punctuation marks down to the last comma.

Attractive Compensations. But there is the other side of the picture, all the attractive compensations—given, of course, a nice M.P.

There are meals in the Harcourt Room, perhaps a party for your birthday, seats in the galleries at almost any time, a fairly free run of the Palace of Westminster, "rubbing shoulders" from time to time with men of moment in the world. He will introduce you to his friend, tell you "advance information," take you into his confidence, and gradually let you into his private life, so that if his hobby is serious tennis you may be lucky enough to spend Christmas in the south of France; or, if it is diving, you may spend days on some distant rocky coast treasure-hunting. If he goes on a trade commission you may be taken to, say, South America or South Africa.

Full Exciting Days. Just now, with the general election only a few weeks ahead, the political atmosphere is full of excitement—news-papers, liars, and all available information are read with avidity. Propaganda and knowledge are needed at all costs. Time and temper and trials are ignored for the one absorbing aim of returning your own especial M.P. to the House of Commons. Oh, undoubtedly it is all very much worth it.

OUR NEW BRITISH CROSSWORDS.

- Across
1. Male horse.
 2. Vehicles.
 3. Like a wink.
 4. Dialect.
 5. Prime mover.
 6. Sudden pain.
 7. Certain.
 8. Stacks.
 9. Denominations.
 10. Incombustible Residues.
 11. Mimic.
 12. Sediment.
 13. Untruth.
 14. Impede.
 15. Scheme.
 16. Unwell.
 17. Moistened with dew.
 18. Classified.
 19. Square measure.
 20. Slightly wet.
 21. Long.
 22. Reaches.
 23. Cleave.
 24. Nothing.
 25. Suggestion.
 26. Rashful.
 27. Quid.
 28. Yoke of animals.
 29. Observe.
 30. Carrying chair.
 31. Assault.
 32. Scottish landlord.
 33. Forsaken.
 34. Ornamental vessel.
 35. Direct away from.
 36. Cloth for wiping.
 37. Monarch.
 38. Kiln.
 39. Habitation.
- Down
1. Cattlefish.
 2. Wash lightly.
 3. Margin.
 4. Street trader.
 5. Entertain.
 6. Swimming bird.

Yesterday's Solutions.

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FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS

Too Much for Him

By Blosser

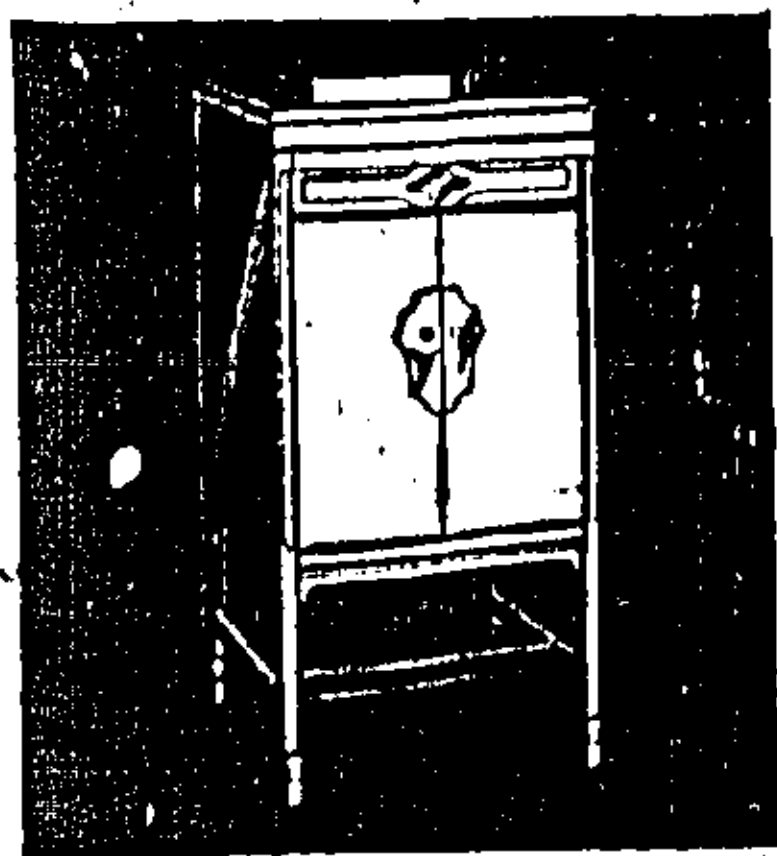
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The
Hongkong Telegraph.

WEDNESDAY JUNE 12, 1929

REPARATIONS.

There will be worldwide satisfaction felt over the final settlement of the Reparations problem. For many weeks, the Committee of Experts has wrestled with the thorny task, and more than once it reached a deadlock which appeared insoluble, but throughout the members have contrived to avert a breakdown by agreeing to explore some new suggestion. The part played by the British delegation has been moderating, patient and resourceful. In the attempts to bridge the gulf between the demands of the creditor States and the offers of Germany, the influence of Britain has been cast on the side of accommodation. At length, all parties have reached an agreement, and thus one of the most difficult and complex of European problems has been disposed of.

Under the settlement, the share allotted to Britain is less than it would have been had the existing scheme not been changed, but it is said that there are compensating advantages, one of which is that Britain will receive a fixed proportion for her variable debt payments in the earlier years of the plan. It will be recalled in this connexion that Mr. Owen Young's original plan provided for a variation of the Spa percentages, whereby Britain would suffer and other creditors benefit correspondingly. At the time, this proposal aroused much criticism in British circles, as the Spa percentages were regarded as the one fixed and settled point in the Reparations question. They were, indeed, left untouched by the London Conference of 1924, which established the Dawes plan. Incidentally, the Spa percentage in the case of Britain was much less than the share first claimed. Britain's position until Spa was that the French and British shares should be in the ratio of 5 to 3, which would have meant a British percentage of something approaching 30. But that is past history. The main fact now disclosed is that Britain has shown her accommodating spirit by falling in with the new proposals, which means that she will receive less than under the Dawes scheme. The messages outlining the settlement are not very informative on this particular point, however, for they speak of the experts hav-

ing abandoned the percentages agreed upon by the Finance Ministers in 1925. This needs clarifying, but it is to be assumed that the arrangement reached has been on a basis of compromise in order to effect a final settlement. Germany has gained some points, the chief one of which is that she can, by giving ninety days' notice, suspend the major part of the annuity for two years if grave economic difficulties arise. It is to be presumed, however, that Germany will not be the sole judge on the point as to whether such a situation is reached.

The German Press comments on the settlement are none too generously worded, although there seems fairly general agreement that the new plan is a move in the right direction. Anyone studying the Allied attitude on the question in an unbiased manner must concede that a large measure of reasonableness has been displayed. It is now essential that all parties concerned should, as the experts plead, help in the obliteration of the atmosphere left by the war. The best results to everybody concerned can only be reached by goodwill and co-operation, and an earnest desire to abide by the spirit as well as the letter of the settlement. Germany now knows her obligations. That is something gained. And the whole world will look to her to discharge them and so remove any further cause for uncertainty.

Trouble Brewing in Zagreb.

King Alexander will be guilty of a grave tactical error if he chooses to press at all severely the prosecution of the Zagreb lawyers, whose crime is allegiance to the cause of democracy. They have come under the ban of the military dictatorship as the result of a resolution in which they urged the despatch of a telegram to the King demanding the restoration of civil liberty, and it is reported that they are to be tried by a special tribunal under the Defence of the Realm Act. It may be quite true that King Alexander is more firmly established in his Dictatorship than ever, and also that he is already a long way on the road to the achievement of the purpose he set himself in assuming dictatorial powers. It may be argued that vigorous suppression of anti-Government agitation is essential to the maintenance of the present regime, but a limit has to be drawn somewhere, and we can suggest no better line than persecution of the individual. The "iron heel" of Belgrade has crushed parliamentary government, and has tried to crush all liberty, democratic and journalistic, but obviously it is undertaking an impossible task in endeavouring to prevent the airing of private opinions. King Alexander should be making a bid for Croatian goodwill instead of risking further antagonism, and we strongly press the view that wrongs are not righted, but worsened, by the excessive imposition of a rule of militarist force. The fate of M. Pernar and his colleagues will be followed with the keenest interest outside the Yugo-Slavian frontiers, particularly in view of the monarch Dictator's promise to surrender autocracy when it is no longer absolutely necessary. The reforms carried out—the introduction of a unified penal code, the appointment of a financial adviser to deal with the hopelessly involved fiscal system, the reopening of the Bulgarian frontier, the conclusions of treaties with Bulgaria and Greece—have done much to clear up the mess left by ten years of incompetence and corruption, and if King Alexander is sincere in his protestations, the time is already ripe for ceasing the rigours of the Dictatorship.

News has been received by Mr. O. G. Anderson that his younger brother Henry has obtained the degree of M. D. from Edinburgh University. Dr. H. M. Anderson, who has been in practice in Glamorganshire for the past few years, is a former pupil of the Diocesan Boys' School. He served in an Officers' Convalescent Hospital during the War.

DAY BY DAY.

APART FROM TEMPTATION THERE IS NO VIRTUE.—Henry Drummond.

"Bath Lover."—Your letter will appear to-morrow.

A Chinese case of typhoid was notified yesterday.

The P. and O. s.s. Jeypore from Shanghai, is due here at 7 a.m. on the 15th inst.

The P. and O. s.s. Alipore, from Singapore, is due here at 4 p.m. on the 17th inst.

Amongst the passengers who left by the s.s. Tenyo Maru to-day were Mr. H. A. Pearson, Mrs. F. E. Cameron, Mrs. Brewer, and Mr. F. Strahan.

Amongst the passengers who departed by the Blue Funnel liner Aconae were Comdr. J. B. Newell, Mr. F. G. Herridge, and Dr. and Mrs. T. P. Lee.

For stealing eight tins, a Chinese was sentenced to two weeks' hard labour by Mr. E. W. Hamilton this morning. A police officer said the man was engaged by a woman to fetch water. Apparently he did nothing but steal the tins, which had not been recovered.

Before Mr. Justice Deane in the Supreme Court at Singapore last week, Donald Phillip Bain, a shop assistant, sued Whiteaway, Laidlaw and Co., Ltd., for \$6,300 damages for wrongful dismissal, \$350, being one month's salary in lieu of notice, \$600 for passage money paid from London to Singapore, and a steamship ticket from Singapore to London, or money in lieu thereof.

The body of a Chinese child, aged six months, was found by Police Sergeant May dumped on the hillside above Mount Parker Road, yesterday. A Chinese living at No. 8, East Street, Quarry Bay, has been arrested on a charge of dumping the body. No suspicious circumstances are attached to the discovery, the child having apparently died from natural causes. The arrested man was this morning fined \$25, or one month's hard labour.

Before Mr. E. W. Hamilton, at the Central Police Court this morning, a Chinese was summoned for owning two dogs without licences. In explaining the position, defendant said they belonged to someone else who left them with him when he went away. They were intended for export purposes. Mr. Hamilton fined the defendant \$6, remarking that he was making a reduction for quantity. His usual fine was \$4 for each dog, but as the defendant had two he would make it \$6 instead of \$8.

The Medical Officer of Health's return for last week gives only two cases of small-pox (Chinese), four of diphtheria (one British and three Chinese) and four of enteric fever (one British and three Chinese). Two of the enteric cases and one of diphtheria were imported. There were four deaths from diphtheria and two from small-pox. There were also three deaths from influenza which is not notifiable. Yesterday's return contained two Chinese cases of cerebro-spinal fever and one American of enteric fever.

**BRIDGE
MADE EASY**
by
W.W. Wentworth

Opening Partner's Suit—3.

When your partner has declared a suit and opponents have obtained the contract at no trump you should as a rule open the lead by playing your partner's declared suit. As a general guide, your opening lead against a no trump declaration should be as follows:

1.—Holding any four or more cards in partner's suit, lead fourth from top.
2.—Holding any two cards in partner's suit, lead the higher one.
3.—Holding any three cards without an honour in partner's suit, lead the highest.
4.—Holding any three cards with an honour as good as J X X in partner's suit, lead the lowest.

These leads conform to orthodox play and by following this convention you will avoid misleading your partner and at the same time assist him in establishing his longest and strongest suit. If, however, you hold a solid suit or only a singleton in the suit named by your partner, it may be more advisable to lead from your strongest suit for it may be more readily established.

THE DRAGON BOAT FESTIVAL.

HOW IT WAS OBSERVED IN CANTON.

Canton, June 11.

Glorious weather marked the occasion of the Dragon Boat Festival in Canton to-day. The whole city, including the foreign concessions of Shanghai, was turned the day as a holiday and all the offices and banks were closed.

Civil wars and revolutions may come and go, but year after year the 5th day of the 5th moon of the Chinese calendar is observed in Canton and throughout the whole of China. This festival dates back now over 3,000 years, as a patriotic festival.

To-day the course marked for the Dragon Boat races out beyond Tung Shan, near Yih Sha Tau, was crowded with craft of all sizes. Amongst others there were a large number of foreign motor boats and launches. There were also numerous gaily-decorated Chinese launches, flower-boats, houseboats, sampans and junks. A large number of dragon boats were assembled, some of the larger ones containing as many as eighty men. Many of them were well decorated and painted to resemble dragons or other ferocious legendary beasts.

There were many humorous incidents and side shows going on in the boats all around. One old man delighted the crowd by very ably paddling himself along sitting in a deck chair placed on a flat board, with only a bamboo pole for a paddle. Although many fast launches causing considerable wash passed quite close to him, he maintained his precarious position without difficulty.

To-day is the principal day of the Dragon Boat Festival, but in the country around Canton and throughout different parts of the delta there will still be considerable activity right through the sixth, seventh and eighth day of the moon.—Our Own Correspondent.

KOWLOON UNION CHURCH.

TO-NIGHT'S INTERESTING GATHERING.

A congregational meeting is to be held at the Union Church, Kowloon, to-night to consider the church and manse building scheme proposed by the Joint Building Committee of the Hongkong and Kowloon Churches. The opportunity will also be taken to bid the Rev. J. Horace Johnston bon voyage.

Following the inspection of plans and drawings of the church and manse, there will be a supper, during which the toast of "Prosperity to Union Church, Kowloon" will be proposed by Mr. C. C. Hickling and that of "Bon Voyage to Mr. Johnston" by the Rev. F. C. Young. A business meeting will follow, at which the recommendation of the Joint Committee will be brought forward by Mr. H. J. Lamb. Then Mr. A. S. McKelhan, of Messrs. Leigh and Orange, will explain the plans, whilst the financial position will be outlined by Mr. D. Gow. An important statement will also be made by Mr. J. L. McPherson regarding aid from the Three-Quarter Century Fund, after which Mr. D. F. Warren will speak on the \$10,000 scheme.

Responses will be made by Mr. W. Forsyth on behalf of the Sunday School, by Miss M. Braga on behalf of the choir, Mrs. Gow for the Women's Guild and Mr. A. H. Gardner for the Young People's Society.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Dollar Liner President Adams is scheduled to sail from Shanghai to-day and is due to arrive here at 7.00 a.m. on Saturday, June 15th. This steamer will continue her voyage Round-the-World on Sunday, June 16th at 8 a.m.

The Dollar Liner President Cleveland will sail from Manila on Friday, June 14th at 4 p.m., arriving here at 7 a.m. on Sunday, June 16th. She will leave for San Francisco and Los Angeles via Shanghai and Japan on Tuesday, June 18th at 4 a.m.

The American Mail Liner President Madison, from San Francisco on May 24, is due to sail from Kobe to-day and will arrive in Shanghai on June 14th, sailing for Hongkong and Manila on June 15th. This steamer is expected here on Monday, June 17th and will sail for Manila on Tuesday, June 18th at 6 p.m.

The Dollar Liner President Pierce, from Seattle, June 1st, is scheduled to arrive at this port on June 21.

A young Chinese, who was banished from Hongkong on Saturday last, was arrested on Monday and on being brought before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning was sentenced to ten months' hard labour and 15 strokes of the birch.

The Very Idea!

The family of Mr. Brownjohn, of Palmwoods Queensland, had a lucky escape when the car he was driving capsized on the Maroochy-dora road, on a recent Sunday afternoon. Some crabs crawled out of the bag which had been placed in the front of the car, when one closed its claws on one of the feet of Mr. Brownjohn, and, taken by surprise, he momentarily lost control, and the car swerved and toppled over the side of a drain. Passers-by rendered assistance to extricate the occupants, some of whom were children. No member of the party was injured. The mudguards and hood of the car were broken, but no other damage was caused, for within a few minutes after being righted Mr. Brownjohn was able to resume the journey homewards.

Straight walking is not a criterion as to whether a man is drunk or not.—A doctor at Wood Green.

Mr. Luke, the Willenden Magistrate: There are two sorts of education, the first good that you learn at school; the second bad that you get in the streets.

Wife at Tottenham—I always do the right thing and kiss my husband when he comes home.

Costermonger at Willenden—The police summoned me in the morning, then again in the afternoon, and at night I am bothered if they did not arrest me.

Man at Tottenham—I always give my wife my wages. Wife—Yes, and then "sub" them back again.

[A judge has admitted that when motoring he sometimes does not know which way a pedestrian is going to jump.]

Of course, pedestrians ought to know.

Which way a motor will probably go.

But there doesn't exist a rule of the road.

A really reliable law or code, which will tell the motorist anything.

Of the way a pedestrian means to spring.

He may leap forward and back again.

His intention, however, is seldom plain.

And the puzzled driver turns and twists.

Which is very annoying for motorists.

And if two are crossing the road together.

Their evolutions won't tell you whether.

They will act as one or if possibly they.

Will each of them take his own sweet way.

Of course, the motorist has a chance.

Under a law like that of France where the right of the driver is well confessed.

And pedestrians come off second best.

But public opinion over here isn't quite ripe for the change.

It's clear.

And I must confess that I have not found.

The English method is too unsound.

Though pedestrians cause one much regret.

I haven't run over anyone—yet!

And being off a pedestrian, too, I have somehow managed to worry through.

When I'm afoot I curse the car and vice versa, and there you are!

The other night Smith called on his old friend Brown and discovered him in the act of exchanging an article from a periodical.

"Storing up some valuable hints," Smith asked.

"No," replied Brown. "This is a contribution styled 'How to become a centenarian,' and I'm afraid my mother-in-law might read it. She gets the paper when we have finished with it."

Two young men, who had been having a night out, and had left the last train home, turned up at a hotel in the early hours of the morning.

"I say," protested the manager, "pointing dramatically to the less coherent of the pair, 'you can't bring that man in here... he's intoxicated, and this is a temperance hotel.'"

"'All right, old man,'" said the other man, soothingly, "he's too far gone to notice that."

The oldest inhabitant of a small town in Scotland had reached the great age of one hundred.

His home was visited by many of his kinsmen, who offered their congratulations.

"It didn't suppose you'll manage another hundred," said one visitor facetiously.

"Oh, ye never can tell," answered the centenarian, "pawky!" "I feel stronger now than when I began my first hundred."

TELLING LIES IN COURT.

MAGISTRATE REBUKES A CHINESE WOMAN.

VEGETABLE SELLING.

Mr. E. W. Hamilton, at the Central Magistracy this morning, expressed his strong objection to a person engaging a solicitor and then going into Court to tell a pack of lies. The case was one in which a Chinese woman was summoned, at the instance of the Sanitary Department, for exposing vegetables for sale at her house at No. 11, Keswick Street.

Sanitary Inspector A. T. W. White prosecuted and the defendant was represented by Mr. F. H. Loseby.

In the witness-box, Insp. White stated that a notice was served on the defendant on May 2 to cease selling vegetables at her premises, but it was later found that the notice had not been complied with. Between 2.30 and 3 p.m. on May 14, in the company of Sanitary Department Coolie No. 20, Insp. White went to No. 11, Keswick Street and instructed the coolie to enter the house by the back door. The coolie accordingly did so and came out with a quantity of vegetables which he had bought from defendant.

Later, Insp. White accosted the defendant and asked her if she sold vegetables on her premises. This she denied, but admitted that she was the principal tenant of the house.

Had a Market Stall.

"Do you know that this woman has a stall at a market?" asked Mr. Loseby of witness.

Witness:—Yes.

Do you know that she has been summoned once for obstruction because she kept her store in the market?—Yes.

In consequence of which she kept her vegetables in her house?—Yes.

"Don't you think you ought to have told this woman when you needed her that you sent a coolie inside her house to buy vegetables?—I don't think it was necessary."

"If you had warned her, she could have brought evidence to prove that she did not do so," remarked Mr. Loseby.

Insp. White, however, contended that a notice was served on the defendant to cease selling a fortnight before he went to the house on May 10.

Ought to be Informed.

"I am of the opinion that if a person is charged with an offence, he or she ought to be informed," said Mr. Loseby to his Worship, who agreed with the statement.

Sanitary Department Coolie No. 20 was the next witness called by the prosecution and he corroborated the evidence given by Insp. White.

The defendant said she was the licensee of a stall in Whitfield Market which allowed her to sell vegetables. She informed the Court that she had been previously summoned for obstruction by keeping her vegetables in the market, as a result of which she brought all her stores home. In answer to a question, she denied selling vegetables in the house.

"She did not see the coolie in her house," she said, and certainly did not sell any vegetables to him.

In fineing defendant \$25, with the alternative of one month's hard labour, his Worship said he strongly objected to any person engaging a solicitor and then telling a pack of lies in Court.

If the defendant had been straightforward, said his Worship, she might not have had to pay so much, or the legal expenses.

WOMAN ATTEMPTS SUICIDE.

RESCUED BY TWO FERRY PASSENGERS.

For a short time yesterday, the Yamati ferry Man Yee was diverted from its course while a search was made for a woman who had been seen to throw herself into the harbour. Through the prompt action of two passengers, who had jumped into the water after the woman, a timely rescue was effected.

In the last stages of exhaustion, the would-be suicide was taken back on board, and when the ferry arrived at Yamati, she was handed over to the police, by whom she was sent to the Kwong Wah Hospital.

Domestic troubles are stated to have been the motive of the attempt, the woman having suddenly left her home at 301, Shanghai Street, without informing anyone of her intentions.

MORE FIGHTING AT FOUNTAINS.

CHINESE QUARREL OVER POINT OF PRIORITY.

It did not matter whether a man was in the right or in the wrong, he was not to fight. This was the dictum of Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning, when two men were charged with disorderly conduct at a street fountain.

In reply to his Worship, Sub-Inspector James said the fight was not a serious one, but the police had instructions to arrest people immediately they showed any inclination to fight.

His Worship asked the defendants if they had been fighting over the question of whose turn it was to draw water.

Each defendant, in reply, claimed that he should have drawn water before the other.

His Worship said they could surely have been able to tell who had prior right to draw water by the positions of their respective buckets.

In ordering both defendants to sign bonds for their good behaviour, his Worship remarked that they were not to fight, whether they were right or wrong.

WASHED CLOTHES IN RESERVOIR.

WOMAN LET OFF WITH A CAUTION.

In the absence of the complainant a Chinese woman, who was arrested for washing clothes in part of the water-works at the Shek Li Piu Reservoir, was discharged with a caution by Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning.

Sergeant Jessop said the Indian guard who arrested the defendant was not present in Court. He asked that the defendant, therefore, be cautioned.

Proceeding, Sergeant Jessop said he understood that people at the reservoir allowed persons to draw water from streams which feed the reservoir, but the defendant was utilising the stream for washing clothes.

His Worship asked if that was not a serious offence, as the water flowed into the reservoir.

Sergeant Jessop replied that by clothes being washed in the streams the water would be polluted.

FOOTPADS IN THE CITY.

FOUR ROBBED IN EARLY MORNING.

According to a report received by the police, what appears to have been a very daring robbery, carried out in the very heart of the city, occurred at an early hour this morning.

Yiu Sih-chin, fook of a shop at 63, Spring Garden Lane, who made the report, states that shortly after four o'clock this morning, he left the shop to do the day's marketing at the Central Market.

When near the City Hall, three men swooped down upon him. He stated that one of these men held a knife, while another had a hammer, and that, threatened with these weapons, he was forced to turn over to them a sum of \$87, money which was given him to make the day's purchases.

The police are investigating the case.

ADULTERATED MILK.

A KOWLOON DAIRYMAN FINED.

A fine of \$25 was imposed on the proprietor of a dairy at No. 48, Haiphong Road when the defendant was charged before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith, at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning, with selling adulterated milk.

Mr. F. X. d'Almada, Jnr., defended and said that on the face of the summons he had advised his client to admit the charge. He explained to his Worship that the milk concerned had been left over from the previous day and was placed in the ice-chest over night. A certain amount of water had thus formed on the outside and inside of the container. He mentioned that the milk only contained 5 per cent. water, which was not very much.

His Worship said it was rather hard on the defendant, but, on the other hand, the public had to be protected.

In reply to a question from the Bench, defendant said the container referred to by his solicitor was a pail.

The defendant was fined \$25.

WATER TANK ON BEACH.

CLUB SECRETARY FINED AT KOWLOON.

INDEPENDENT WAYS.

Mr. Ma Ying-po, Secretary of the Peninsula Bathing Club, which has a matshed erected on the Ko Fa Kang beach at Lai-chikok, appeared as the defendant before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith, at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning, on a charge of trespassing on Crown land by constructing an intake water tank and laying a pipe thereon without a permit from the P.W.D.

The defendant pleaded guilty, and, in reply to his Worship, said that he had sent an application for permission to construct the tank, but had received no reply as yet.

Mr. Chambers, who prosecuted, said he found the tanks on the beach on May 27. Water from the tap was being used. Mr. Ma later saw the superintendent of Crown Lands and promised to have the erection removed. The summons was accordingly held up, but promise had not been fulfilled.

With the present shortage of water, the defendant could not use the water for the purpose for which he had constructed his tank.

His Worship remarked that it seemed to him the defendant had acted in a very independent sort of way. A fine of \$25 was imposed and an order made that the tank be removed within three days.

TRADE MARK CASE AT KOWLOON.

CASE WITHDRAWN BY THE COMPLAINANT.

A summons against a Chinese woman who was charged with having singlets which bore an infringement of the trade mark of the Tung Hing Knitting Factory was withdrawn by Mr. E. S. C. Brooks, on behalf of the complainant, before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning.

Mr. Brooks explained that after the seizure of a quantity of singlets had been made, the defendant informed the complainant that the articles did not belong to her, but were the property of two women to whom she had let a cubicle in her house. When the raid was carried out, said Mr. Brooks, the police saw these two women, who had since disappeared.

His client was unable to disprove the women's statement and the prosecution therefore asked for the case to be withdrawn. An application for the confiscation of the singlets was also made.

His Worship discharged the defendant, and after hearing the evidence of the complainant and evidence of the raid, the singlets were ordered to be confiscated.

London shops are to compete for Empire Marketing Board prizes for displayed foodstuffs.

Mr. A. L. Nicholson, the art dealer, who sold to an American the disputed Romney portrait of the Duchess of Sutherland, is arranging to have the canvas examined under X-rays.



"I can tell about how high to polish their nails by the amount of tonic they want on their hair."

STEALING WATER FROM BARRACKS.

COMPLAINT OF FOUNTAIN CONGESTION.

Charges of larceny of water from Whitfield Barracks were brought against three Chinese who appeared before Mr. T. S. Whyte at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning.

In one case, defendant said he was a cook but had no water. He had to have it or he would die.

Sergeant Daly informed his Worship that the case was similar to that which was before the Court yesterday.

His Worship told defendant that he must take his turn at the street fountain.

Defendant: There are hundreds and hundreds of buckets waiting.

His Worship: You cannot go into private property and steal water.

In reply to his Worship as to whether the water was definitely the property of the military authorities, Sergeant Daly replied in the affirmative, and said that it was being taken from behind one of the officers' wash houses.

The defendant, it was stated, had no right to have been in the Barracks at all. He did not possess a permit.

A fine of \$7 was imposed and were imposed in the case of the two men.

NIGHT IN CELLS FOR TRICK CYCLIST.

ANOTHER GETS OPTION OF EIGHT DAYS.

More trick cyclists were before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning when it was stated that in one case a youth collided with a pedestrian, while in another a young girl was knocked down, in Shamshui, and removed to Hospital for treatment.

In the first case a twelve-year-old Chinese was charged with reckless riding. He was stated to have been travelling round in circles, occasionally taking his hands off the handle bars. His actions were described as a danger to the public especially to motor traffic.

The Police, when the lad was arrested, sent to his father for bail, but the parent refused, informing the Police that one night in the cells would do his son good.

Sergeant Jessop said that as the defendant had been in jail for one night a caution would meet the case.

The defendant was accordingly cautioned.

\$5 or 8 Days.

A similar charge was brought against an 18-year-old Chinese who who stated to have been travelling at a high speed and to have knocked down a pedestrian. The cycle he was riding was not equipped with brakes.

Sergeant Jessop mentioned that another cyclist who was with the defendant had knocked down a young girl and seriously injured her.

The defendant was fined \$5 or eight days imprisonment.

SWEEP TICKETS DISPUTE.

CHINESE WOMAN'S CLAIM AT KUALA LUMPUR.

TOTAL OVER \$34,000.

Kuala Lumpur, June 4. Before the Chief Justice, Mr. L. H. Elphinstone, in the Supreme Court to-day, the hearing was begun of a suit brought by a Chinese woman living in Chow Kit Road against two clerks in the Chandu Monopoly office, Kuala Lumpur. Plaintiff claims from them \$34,380, being the first prize in one of the Selangor Turf Club's sweeps during the last race meeting.

Mr. V. D. Knowles, with Mr. G. W. Hastings, appears for the plaintiff and Mr. F. A. Briggs for the defendants.

After opening at some length on the law, Mr. Knowles called the plaintiff, Lim Lian Wah.

The plaintiff stated that she was a member of the Selangor Turf Club, but bought tickets from the second defendant, Lim Thean Hock whom she had known for seven or eight months. In March last she was told by a woman friend that the second defendant was buying lottery tickets and wanted to know whether she would like any. She agreed and gave \$20 and later received four tickets from the second defendant. She put the tickets in a drawer.

After some days the second defendant came again and wanted to see the tickets to find out from the Turf Club whether any of them had drawn a prize. At the time she came she was dressing her hair and when she took the tickets out of her drawer she noticed that one was stained with oil. That was the ticket that won the prize. The second defendant came back and told her that the ticket No. 12631 had drawn the first prize and he took away the ticket saying that he would let her know when she could get the money. She asked him to write down the number on a piece of paper and he did. She had since lost that piece of paper. The second defendant came again later and told her that he would get her the money.

Cross-examined by Mr. Briggs, witness stated that she had never before bought a Turf Club sweep ticket through the second defendant. Although she was a member of the Turf Club she had not bought these tickets herself because she did not go to the races. When Lim Thean Hock came to get the money to buy a ticket witness did not meet him, but she sent the money to him by her servant and saw the money being handed over. She was positive the second defendant handed her the tickets and took them back again later saying that one ticket had won the first prize and then wrote down the number of the winning ticket on a piece of paper. This piece of paper she handed over to K. T. Ganapathy Pillai, who was a great friend of hers and it was now lost.

The hearing was adjourned.

THE SOUTHERN CROSS.

ALLEGATIONS OF A "PUBLICITY STUNT."

Sydney, June 5. At the Southern Cross Inquiry, the Government radio expert, Mr. Crawford, gave evidence as to obeying the Commission's order to carry out tests in Sydney with the Southern Cross wireless equipment. Brisbane and other towns up to 744 miles distant received his messages. Mr. Crawford asserted that the airmen could have done the same after their forced landing.

Mr. James Portus, assistant manager of the Shell Co., declared in evidence that several years ago Mr. Charles Ulm (Capt. Kingsford Smith's companion in the Southern Cross) suggested, as a "publicity stunt," that he should fly to Central Australia and get lost.

"RILEY THE COP."

AMUSING FILM AT THE QUEEN'S THEATRE.

An extremely entertaining picture was screened at the Queen's Theatre, yesterday and is also showing to-day entitled "Riley the Cop." Featuring Farrell MacDonald as "Riley," Louis Fazenda, Nancy Drexel and David Rollins, there is plenty of fun contained in this picture which deals with the amusing escapades of Riley when sent to Germany to bring back a young man believed to have embezzled money.

In addition, an enjoyable number of selections are given by Sam Ku West and his Paradise Harmony Trio, who were received with the customary warm applause.

To-morrow the feature film at the Queen's will be "The Wind."

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New Shirtings just received.

Wm. POWELL, Ltd.

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Large stocks also carried ready-to-wear.

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on THURSDAY, the 13th. Inst.

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\$4 per head including Dinner.

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The Vengeance of the Desert.

REX INGRAM'S

Production

THE GARDEN OF ALLAH

with ALICE TERRY and IVAN PETROVICH

A TRIUMPH BY THE MAKER OF

"THE FOUR HORSEMEN"

AND "MARE NOSTRUM"

THAT CHALLENGES HIS BEST!

AT THE MAJESTIC TO-DAY ONLY.

At 2.30, 5.20, 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.

ALSO, AT ALL PERFORMANCES

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Summer GOLF HOSE



These unshrinkable mercerised cotton Summer Golf Hose are undoubtedly the finest value obtainable for present wear. No seams to cause discomfort but the hose is excellently shaped with a special centre rib, extending from the heel to the calf of the leg.

In shades of—

White and Khaki
Size 10" to 11"
\$2.50 a pair.

3 pairs for \$6.50

Lane, Crawford, Ltd.

Men's Wear Stylists.



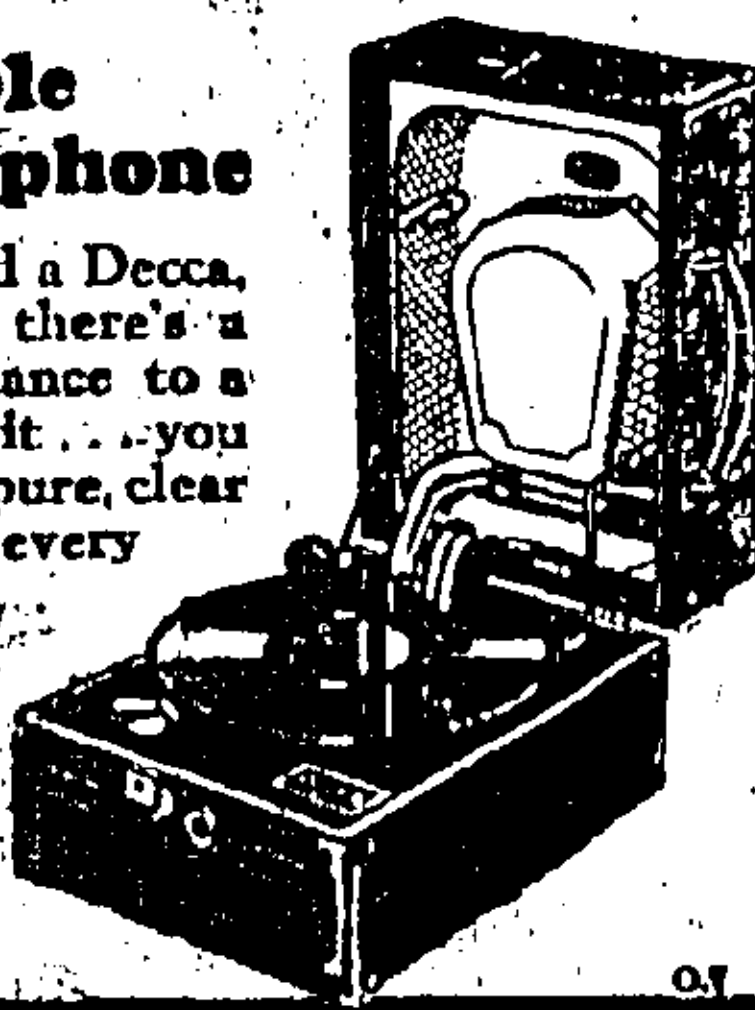
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An ideal summer wear made of white check cloth comfortably cut and correctly tailored. As good as higher-priced garments.

Vest \$1.10
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Union Suits \$2.10
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AT COMPETITIVE PRICES

IT IS GOOD IF IT'S SOLD—

AT **SINCERE'S**

AN EPIC of the WEST



THURS DAY AT THE QUEEN'S

U.S. BASEBALL.

LEAGUE MATCHES AND STANDINGS.

New York, June 6.
Yesterday's baseball matches resulted as follows:

National League.

	R.	H.	E.
New York	5	7	2
St. Louis	4	11	1
Boston	2	6	0
Pittsburgh	4	9	2
Philadelphia	2	9	1
Cincinnati	0	5	0
Brooklyn	6	13	3
Chicago	8	6	3

American League.

	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	9	12	0
New York	7	12	1
St. Louis	4	8	0
Philadelphia	15	14	0
Chicago	9	14	0
Boston	5	14	3
Detroit	7	10	0
Washington	5	7	1

The League standings are now as follows:

National League.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Pittsburgh	26	15	.634
St. Louis	28	18	.608
Chicago	25	17	.595
New York	22	18	.550
Philadelphia	21	20	.512
Boston	18	23	.438
Brooklyn	15	25	.365
Cincinnati	15	28	.348

American League.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Philadelphia	33	10	.767
New York	25	17	.595
St. Louis	27	19	.586
Detroit	25	24	.520
Cleveland	22	22	.500
Washington	15	25	.365
Chicago	17	30	.302
Boston	13	30	.302

LOCAL FOOTBALL.

ASSOCIATION ASKED TO TAKE CHARGE OF LEAGUE.

The proposal that the Hongkong Amateur Football League be wound up and that the Hongkong Football Association be asked to take over the management of the League was passed at the annual meeting of the League held in the club house of the Chinese Athletic Association yesterday evening.

Mr. G. T. May was in the chair supported by Mr. W. E. Hollands (Hon. Secretary) and Mr. Ip Kau-ko (Hon. Treasurer), among the others present being the representatives of most of the football clubs in the Colony.

After the minutes of the Annual Meeting of 1928 were read by the Secretary, the Annual Report and Balance Sheet and the Auditor's report were submitted by the Hon. Treasurer.

Mr. G. T. May said that the Management Committee at their meeting held on August 20, 1928, recommended that a bonus of 200% be voted to the referees on their fees for the season. The resolution was passed.

Honorarys.

The Management Committee further recommended that an honorarium of \$400 be voted to the Hon. Treasurer and the Hon. Secretary but some were of the opinion that an honorarium of \$200 each was quite sufficient. This was put to the vote, resulting in that sum being voted.

The full resolution with regard to the winding up of the Hongkong Amateur League is as follows:

"That the League Management Committee are of the opinion that the Hongkong Amateur Football Association League as at present constituted should be wound up and that they ask the Hongkong Football Association to take over the Management of the League, subject to the consent of a general meeting of both bodies."

The resolution was passed unanimously.

After the meeting, Mr. W. E. Hollands dwelt on the service rendered by Mr. May to Hongkong football and asked that the appreciation of the League of his work should be placed on record.

The proposal met with applause.

AMERICAN GOLF.

OVER 900 COMPETITORS IN AMATEUR CONTEST.

New York, June 11.
Over nine hundred golfers are engaged in the American Amateur Championship qualifying competition, involving nineteen cities, stretching from coast to coast.

Among the striking failures are Jesse Sweetser former British and American champion; Jesse Guildford, former American title holder; J. W. Gunn, runner-up to Bobby Jones in the American championship in 1925; and Chick Evans, former holder of the Open and Amateur Championships in the United States. —*Reuter's American Service.*

PREMIER'S VISIT TO AMERICA.

(Continued from Page 1.)

Earl De La Warr, the Under-Secretary for War, is the ninth earl. In 1924, he was Lord-in-Waiting to H.M. the King. During the war he served in the Navy. He succeeded his father in 1916.

Mr. Emanuel Shinwell, Financial Secretary to the War Office, is national organizer and Parliamentary Agent of the Amalgamated Marine Workers' Union. In the last Labour Government he was Parliamentary Secretary to the Department of Mines.

Dr. Drummond Shiels, the Under-Secretary of State for India, has been Labour M.P. for East Edinburgh since 1924, and is an ex-President of the Edinburgh Fabian Society. He has had a distinguished medical and war career. He was a member of the Special Commission on the Ceylon Constitution in 1927.

A Self-Educated Man.

Mr. Frederick Montague, Under-Secretary for Air, is self-educated and has been successively a newsboy, shop assistant and a free lance journalist. He eventually became a political organizer and Parliamentary Agent of the Labour Party. He served during the war in France, Belgium, Egypt and Palestine. He is an Alderman of Islington Borough Council.

Dr. Christopher Addison, Parliamentary Secretary to the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, was formerly a Liberal M.P., having entered Parliament some years ago after a distinguished medical career. He has held various Liberal ministerial posts, including that of Minister of Munitions in 1916-17, previously being Parliamentary Secretary to the Munitions Department, the first to hold this post. He has also been Minister in Charge of Reconstruction, first Minister of Health, President of the Local Government Board, Parliamentary Secretary to the Board of Education, and Minister without Portfolio. He joined the Labour Party in 1923, but was defeated in the 1924 General Election.

Mr. C. G. Ammon.

Mr. Charles George Ammon, Financial Secretary to the Admiralty, was a telegraph messenger as a boy and served in the Post Office for 24 years. He was Chairman of the Post Office Sorters' organization until it was amalgamated with the Union of Post Office Workers. He was also General Secretary of the Docks, Wharves and Shipping Staffs' Association and organizing secretary of the Civil Service Union. He was Labour Party whip in 1923, and in the last Labour Government was Parliamentary Secretary to the Admiralty.

Miss Susan Lawrence, Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Health, was educated at Newham College, Cambridge, is a member of the London County Council and of the Poplar Borough Council. She is on the Executive of the Labour Party and was organizer of the National Federation of Women Workers from 1912 to 1921. She was Deputy Chairman of the London County Council in 1925-26.

Earl Russell, Parliamentary Secretary of the Ministry of Transport, is the second holder of the title. He was educated at Oxford and besides being a barrister is an electrical engineer. He has largely interested himself in social questions, is an agnostic and a member of the Fabian Society. His heir is the Hon. Bertrand Russell.

Britain to Ratify.

Geneva, June 11.

Mr. Wolfe, the British Government delegate, announced amid enthusiasm to the delegates of the International Labour Conference that His Majesty's Government has decided to take the necessary steps to ensure ratification of the Washington eight hours convention as soon as possible.

Mr. Wolfe stated that the Government also proposed shortly to ratify the minimum wages convention, and the convention regarding seamen's agreements. —*Reuter.*

Trouble With Miners?

London, June 11.

The possibility of trouble ahead for the Labour Government in consequence of the miners' bitterness at their defeat at the hands of the coal owners three years ago, is already a subject of discussion.

The miners are strongly represented in the new House of Commons, and are elated over the fact that all the candidates put up by their Federation were successful. The district coalfield agreements reached under the coal stoppage settlement expire in November and December, and undoubtedly the Federation will then renew the demand for a national agreement. Mr. A. J. Cook in an article on "The Miner" is confident that the Labour Government will not betray their trust, but admits the

THE TEST TRIAL AT LORD'S.

(Continued from Page 1.)

Having scored 229 for 6 wickets in their second innings, Northants declared, and then dismissed Surrey for 175, Clark taking 6 wickets for 52 runs.

HARDINGE, 6 for 9.

Warwickshire Defeated by Nine Wickets.

Although owing to rain there was no play on the first day of the match at Tunbridge Wells, Kent defeated Warwickshire by nine wickets.

Kent were dismissed early on the second day for 193, G. N. Foster taking 5 wickets for 39 runs.

In reply, Warwickshire could not make more than 39, the innings being distinguished by a splendid bowling performance on the part of Hardinge, who took 6 wickets for 9 runs.

Warwick followed on, this time scoring 178. Kent scored the 76 runs needed for victory for the loss of only one wicket.

Essex Wins.

Essex beat Glamorgan by ten wickets.

Glamorgan batted first and compiled 188; Essex replying with 252, to which O'Connor contributed 109, Jones taking 5 wickets for 89. Glamorgan's second knock produced 123; and Essex, without losing a wicket gathered eight runs, to win.

S. Africans Batten.

Lancashire beat the South Africans by six wickets.

The tourists batted first for 185, Lancs. replying with 191.

South Africa's next innings produced 160, and Lancs then knocked up 146 for the loss of only four wickets.

Bowlers Do Well.

Gloucestershire beat Somerset by 84 runs. Batters first, Gloucesters scored 184, Wellard taking 6 for 82.

Somerset replied with 144, Goulds worth taking 6 for 47.

Gloucesters' second venture resulted in 236, Wellard this time capturing 5 for 98.

Somerset compiled 213 in their second innings. —*Reuter.*

EXCURSION TICKETS.

INJURED HOLDERS BARRED FROM COMPENSATION.

London, May 15.

The Court of Appeal held yesterday that a passenger travelling by an excursion train was not entitled to recover from the company damages for personal injuries.

This decision was arrived at by the Master of the Rolls and Lords Justices Lawrence and Sankey in the appeal of a Mrs. Thompson, of Darwen, from a decision of Commissioner Sir W. Kyffin Taylor, who held that she was not entitled to recover £175 10s. awarded to her by a jury against the London Midland and Scottish Railway.

Mrs. Thompson had travelled to Manchester by excursion train, and in getting out injured her leg. On the back of the ticket was a reference to the excursion bill, which made it a condition of the issue of the ticket that the railway should not be liable for personal injury.

The jury found that the railway company had not taken reasonable steps to bring that condition to the notice of the passenger, but the Commissioner held that there was no evidence on which they could come to that conclusion. Against this Mrs. Thompson appealed.

The Master of the Rolls said: "Two things are plain. Any person who takes this ticket is shown that there are some conditions on which it is issued. Secondly, the ticket is priced at a figure far below the ordinary price charged by the railway company. After that it is a mere sequence of thought that you do not get from the railway company everything they provide at the higher figure."

Lords Justices Lawrence and Sankey concurred.

WORLD'S RECORD DIV.

SHANGHAI PONY PAYS ITS LONE BACKER \$15,193.

Shanghai, June 11.

A world record for pari-mutuel dividends was established this afternoon at Kiangwan-racecourse, when Robledo came in first, paying \$15,193. There was only one backer, the jockey, Mr. Billy Tringle, who is athletic instructor to the Public School for Boys. —*Reuter.*

Government must have a chance, since it will not have a clear majority.

It is noteworthy that Mr. Ben Turner is known as a "Man of Peace," and is a strong believer in settlement by negotiation. He was mainly responsible for the agreement between the Trade Union Council and Lord Melchett's group of employers, in the "peace in industry" discussions. He is persona grata with the miners' leaders. —*Reuter.*

COLONEL & COURT MARTIAL.

(Continued from Page 1.)

"In a Muddle."

He had not been able to trace any previous correspondence relating to the four bills, as there was no correspondence filed and such papers as there were, were in a muddle.

At the time he took over the P.R.I. there was no account of the stock. Later, he discovered there was a book purporting to contain an account of the stock. This book was inaccurate and did not properly account for the stock.

Witness checked the stock some time after and said that, so far as he knew, no new supplies of hose tops, permanent passes, silk stockings, and button and titles had been received between September 30, 1928, and the date he made his check. For the period from September 30 to October 19, he based his answer on the records. From October 19 onwards, he was personally in charge.

The value if hose tops was shown as \$5.65, whereas he put the value at \$357. The value of the permanent passes was shown as \$1.30, whereas he found it to be \$55.72.

The value of the silk stockings was shown as \$27.75. He found it to be \$107.30 and as regards the buttons and titles the value shown was \$20.10. He found it to be \$47.65. So far as he knew, his rate of valuation was the same as that calculated before. He had satisfied himself that the P.R.I. was responsible for the items and for them being included in the balance sheet.

Cash Transactions. He found cash transactions in the P.R.I. account which were accounted for in the ordinary cash book. There was no petty cash account or postage account. The postage was not accounted for.

Corporal Hendry was handling the cash when witness took over duties as P.R.I. About three weeks after he took over, he issued orders to Corporal Hendry that he (witness) was going to take charge of all cash.

The Court is still sitting.

SMALL-POX CASE NOT NOTIFIED.

CHINESE FINED AT THE MAGISTRACY.

As the result of a folk having died from small-pox without any report being made to the authorities, a charge was brought against a Chinese at the Central Magistracy this morning before Mr. E. W. Hamilton, of failing to report the case. The defendant was described as the principal tenant of the ground floor of No. 38, Tung Man Lane.

Evidence given by a Sanitary Inspector to the effect that he found the body at the house and reported to Dr. Fawcett, who gave authority for its removal to the mortuary. Dr. Cannon issued a certificate which stated that the man died of small-pox.

Witness said he was told by the defendant that a doctor had not been in attendance and he had made no report.

In answer to the charge, defendant admitted he had rented the floor for a workshop, but stated that he did not live on the premises. The dead man, who was a fold, had lived there and defendant was under the impression that he was suffering from another disease. He said he did not know it was small-pox.

His Worship, in imposing a fine of \$50 or one month's hard labour, said the defendant must have known it was small-pox.

STOP-GO SIGNALS.

FIRST OF NEW SERIES FOR GARDEN ROAD.

The first of the six new Stop-Go signals to be erected in the Colony in connexion with traffic control is to be in operation on Thursday morning at the end of Garden Road. The foundations have already been laid and all that is now necessary is the erection of the signal, which will consist of a flashing light similar to that of the Pedder Street beacon, and sign boards bearing the words Stop in red and Go in green.

These sign boards are manipulated by the traffic officer by means of a handle, the mechanism being so arranged that only one of the boards is visible to each stream of traffic at one time.

BIG BOND ISSUE BY NANKING.

SECURED ON THE CUSTOMS SURPLUS.

Nanking, June 12.

The Ministry of Finance has published regulations governing the issue of \$40,000,000 8½ per cent bonds, secured on the Customs surplus.

The bonds are redeemable within five years. —*Reuter.*

SHARE PRICES

TO-DAY'S QUOTATIONS.

The following is the list of local share quotations issued to-day:

Banks.

Hongkong Bank, \$1245 s.
Chartered Bank, \$194 b.
Moroantillo A. & B., \$33 n.
P. and O., \$94 n.
East Asia, \$904 n.

Insurance.

Canton Ins., \$555 n.
Union Ins., \$330 s.
North China, Ins., Tls. 160 b.
Yangtze Ins., \$50 n.
China Underwriters, \$2.20 s.
China Firms, \$285 b.
H. K. Fire Ins., \$775 n.

Shipping.

Douglases, \$274 n.
H. K. Steamboats, \$251 s.
H. K. Tugs, \$2.60 s.
Indo-China, (Def.) \$70 n.
Union Waterboats, \$22 n.

Mining.

Benguet, \$3 n.
Kailash, 63/9 n.
Langkats, Tls. 14 n.
S'hai Explorations, Tls. 2.75 s.
Reubs, \$6.25 n.
Tronohs, 17/6 n.

Docks, etc.

Kowloon Wharves, \$130 s.
Whampoa Docks, \$35 b.
China Providents, \$410 s.
Hongkew, Tls. 168 n.
New Engineering, Tls. 5.85 b.
Shanghai Docks, Tls. 125 s.

Cottons.

Ewo Cottons, Tls. 12.75 s.
Orientals, Tls. 2.10 b.
S'hai Cottons, Tls. 70 (old) b.

Lands, Hotels, etc.

H. and S. Hotels, \$8.70 n.
H. K. Lands, \$624 n.
S'hai Lands, Tls. 141 b.
Humphreys, \$14 s.
Realities, \$7.35 s.

Public Utilities.

Tramways, \$18.45 s.
Peak Trams, (old) \$11.80 b.
Star Trams, \$604 n.
China Lights, (Old) \$13.90 b.
H. K. Electric, \$554 b.
Macao Electric, \$281 n.
Telephones, \$7 b.
China Buses, Tls. 144 b.
Singapore Tractions, 11/3 s.

Industrials.

China Sugars, \$0 n.
Malabons, \$27 n.
Canton Iron, \$1.80 b.
Coments (Comb), \$3.10 s.
Ropes (Old), \$7 s.
United Asbestos, \$5 b.

Stores, etc.

Dairy Farms, \$19 n.
Watsons, \$12 n.
Dor A. Wings, \$0 b.
Lane Crawfords, \$2 s.
Mackintosh, \$18 b.
Sinceres, \$11.80 b.

Miscellaneous.

Amusements, \$294 b.
Constructions, Tls. 2.10 b.
B'que Ind. G. Bonds, 67%
H. K. G. Loan 8½ s. Prem.

TOO MUCH GOVERNING.

MR. SELFRIDGE PLEADS FOR BUSINESS FREEDOM.

"I feel that all over the world we are over-governed," said Mr. Gordon Selfridge in his presidential address at the annual meeting of the National Association of Trade Protection Societies.

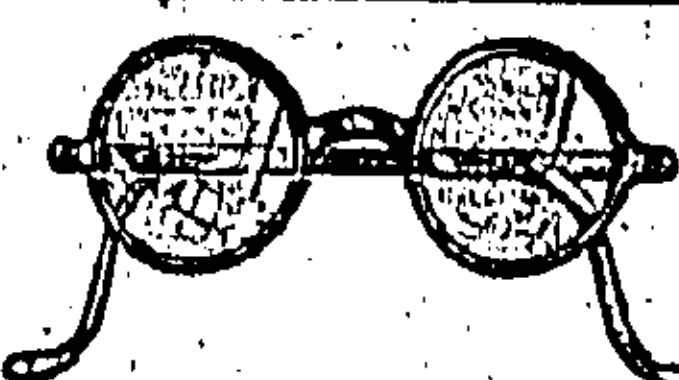
"Gentlemen are appointed to certain posts," Mr. Selfridge continued, "and begin to get busy and control those who know just as well as they do what is best."

Mr. Selfridge said that, in America, every business man was happy when the Government had adjourned for the moment and left him to do as he chose.

"I think that country is happiest which has the least unnecessary government. Constantly in these old countries we find them clogged up with laws. In America, they tell me, there are one and a half million laws of which one and a quarter million have been forgotten, and two-thirds of the remainder are no good at all." (Laughter.)

Mr. J. Gibson Jarvis (managing-director of United Dominions Trust Limited) said thousands of houses in this country would never have been built but for hire-purchase.

Alderman Cheverton-Brown (East Riding) mentioned one factory where 9,000 girls were employed and said that among them they owed a firm £20,000 for articles obtained on the hire-purchase system.



SUN PROTECTION!

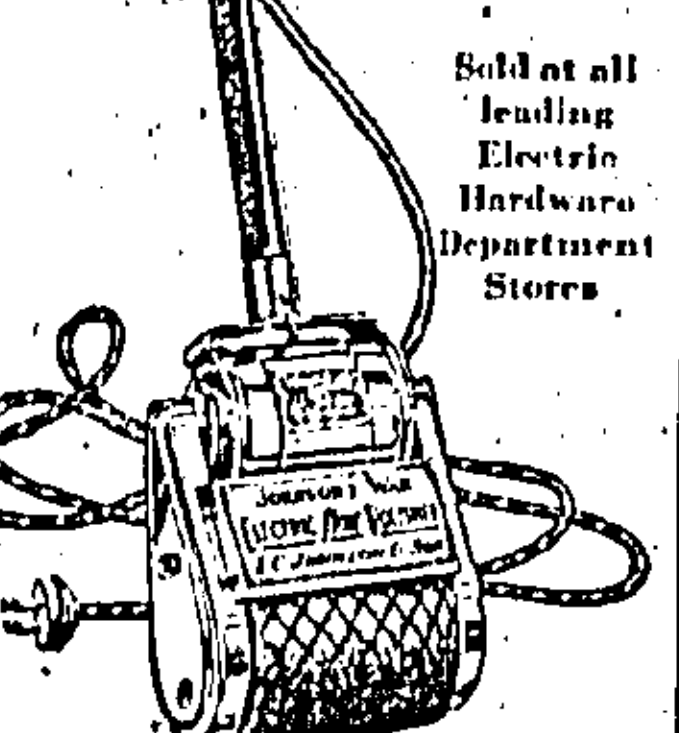
More than 100,000,000 people in the world are suffering from the effects of the sun's rays. The rays of the sun are the cause of many diseases, such as skin diseases, eye diseases, and general debility. The rays of the sun are also the cause of the most common of all diseases, the common cold. The rays of the sun are also the cause of the most common of all diseases, the common cold. The rays of the sun are also the cause of the most common of all diseases, the common cold.

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WELL WATER AND DISEASE RISKS.

(Continued from Page 2.)

Illuminating and helpful in our discussion.

Examination of Wells.

Two prominent Chinese residents in their public spirit submitted a list of 12 wells on different sites which, it is suggested, might be reopened. Additional to this list another was circulated giving the location of 27 other wells known to have been in existence before the general closure went into force. Minute examination and reports were called for from the district inspectors and in every case the reports were made the subject of critical comments by the Medical Officer of Health. A summary of no less than fourteen separate reports from the Board's officers reveals the following facts:—

- 6 wells sites were on private land and are of no use.
- 1 well was too shallow and is "no good."
- 1 private well, water distinctly polluted.
- 1 built over.
- 1 illegally opened and now in use.
- 1 available at Fung Yuen Lane.
- 1 could be used at 41, D'Aguilar Street.
- 1 might be available at 210, Queen's Road West in premises used as a Chinese restaurant.
- 1 private well at the Rope Factory with 2 or 3 ft. depth of water used for the Company's boilers and W.C.s. Two pumps are installed in this well, one of which is used by the people for drawing water.

Fourteen out of the 39 wells sites in the combined list have thus been accounted for; the others have either been built over and, therefore, no traces could be found of them or are otherwise unavailable for reopening. Of the 14 I have just mentioned there are in reality only five of any use and of these one is actually in use in contravention of the Board's orders, and of the remaining four the one within the Rope Factory's compound is now serving the people who go to the pumps and draw their supply from the well.

No Appreciable Saving.

Does the mover of the resolution, I ask, seriously think that the five wells considered above suspicion could yield a supply to produce any appreciable saving in the reservoir water especially when two out of these five wells are already supplying water at the present time? Is it not pertinent to ask whether, in a laudable anxiety to relieve hardship and in the absence of sufficient data, since supplied, an exaggerated value has not been set on the doubtful benefit of wells and the lurking dangers in sewage-contaminated water so greedily minimised as to foster a desire for the re-opening of negligible supplemental sources of supply that for all practical purposes and in pursuance of a Harold Lloyd policy of "safety first" had better be completely left out of consideration?

In the light of the summary I have just produced, I am afraid the advocacy of wells re-opening is hardly tenable. Moreover, I have good authority for stating that, in the opinion of an expert who was invited by the Government to visit Hongkong and report on the possibility of sinking artesian wells on the island to supplement its precarious water supply, that expert could not find any springs in the geological formation of the island—my old friend Mr. Tse Tsan-tai notwithstanding—to support the theory that potable sub-soil water can be found in appreciable quantities in our island of Fragrant Streams.

"Luxurious Waste."

I emphatically disclaim any unsympathetic attitude towards the real hardships caused by the water famine. He must, indeed, be a hardened, callous wretch who is indifferent to the appealing scenes of long queues of the working people waiting patiently for hours for their daily quota of the precious fluid which it takes many long, wearying hours to obtain. More than once at this Board have I protested against the luxurious waste of filtered water from the mains for flushing purposes when the poor people were reduced to short commons and I say that, had the recommendations in 1920 of the Economic Resources Committee, of which Sir Robert Ho Tung was the Chairman, been acted upon by the Government of the time and not shelved as they have been, the Colony might not be in the sorry plight that it is to-day over this perennial water question that is exercising the minds of the whole Colony in these anxious days.

Besides the Chairman, the Report was also signed by the late Mr. Lau Chu-pak, and Messrs. D. O. Russell, G. T. Edkins, K. E. Greig, and Sir Shou-Son Chow. The following is an extract (p. xxii):—

Extract from the Report.

"The Aberdeen (Paper) Mill is under agreement with the Government to supply water from its reservoir to all the inhabitants—the resident as well

as the floating population—of the whole Aberdeen village and Apichau. There is ocular evidence that the population of Aberdeen is increasing and more water for potable purposes will be required and the question arises whether the existing reservoir is sufficient for both purposes, viz., supplying the needs of the village community and also of the Paper Mill. The labour force for the Mill is not more than 100 persons, and as we are of opinion that the population in this locality is increasing independently of the Mill's requirements of labour, there is perhaps ground for asking the Government to find some other means of water supply either by an enlargement (if practicable) of the existing reservoir, or by a line of pipes from the Government's main water supply. We are also of opinion that it might be a matter for enquiry from the Public Works Department whether there is anything in prospect that would alleviate the present situation."

Fraught with Danger.

I am open to correction when I say that, among the water emergency measures now adopted, the Executive is alive to the fact that if wells could be opened with safety the Honorable the Director of Medical and Sanitary Services is the proper official to submit his recommendations in this matter to the Government. But it is a most hazardous risk for this Board, whose functions are those of guardians of the public health, to adopt a resolution framed with the best intentions in the world, but fraught with dangers, the responsibility regarding which this Board should not be called upon to assume.

I, for one, convinced, that it is not in the best interests of the Colony's inhabitants, will vote against the adoption of the motion. Indeed, I go one step further and say the interest of the mass of the people in Hongkong is best safeguarded by the disused wells being guarded closed. If they should be opened I fear this ill-considered action might prove to be a case of the cure being worse than the disease.

Danger to the Community.

Dr. W. V. M. Koch said there would be no objection to opening new wells if it would be helpful in the present crisis. With regard to the opening of the old wells he thought the mover of the resolution was rather quiescent in regard to the danger involved. There was not the least doubt that if people were allowed to use water from these wells, probably contaminated by numerous diseases, that disease might assume epidemic proportions and a danger to the entire community would arise. Many of the likely diseases were uncomfortable and many dangerous. They included intestinal diseases, dysentery and common worms.

With regard to the Maeno water it could not be assumed that because people drinking the water which might be impure did not fall down dead that they did not suffer afterwards. Dr. Koch quoted some well known methods of purifying water and said that an examination of the water could be made. The Government at last seemed to be getting the advice of experts and if it had followed expert advice years ago the present crisis might not have arisen.

Dr. Koch referred to a suggestion made some years ago when he advocated that no new house should be built unless equipped with a storage tank on the roof for rain water. He thought that the suggestion might now be thrown out again.

He had seen some of the new wells from which there was an active supply of water and therefore was in favour of Mr. Wong Kwong-tin's motion.

Some Risk Inevitable.

Mr. M. K. Lo said that he could not share Mr. Wong's courage in declaring that no ill effects might accrue from the re-opening of wells. He thought it was necessary to preserve a balanced opinion between the exuberance of Mr. Wong and the dark forebodings of the Hon. Mr. Braga. The effect of the motion was really mild and innocuous when it was realised that wells could always be closed.

Mr. Lo said he did not think an application for a well had been granted since the dates mentioned by Mr. Braga, but the President pointed out that dozens of wells had been opened.

The Hon. Mr. Braga had dwelt on the risks, but in an acute water famine risks of some kind had to be faced. There was at the moment a danger to health, and if it was conceded that there was no danger from water which had been boiled then any risk remaining should not deter members from voting in favour of the motion, knowing that a well could be closed again if found to be polluted.

It would be a gesture to the people in the rider main districts that they were getting what they asked for. The Colony would not be doomed in any case, and if there was a risk the Board should be prepared to face it.

Views of the M.O.H.

The Hon. Mr. Cressy said he could not recall a refusal of an application for a new well. The Director of Medical and Sanitary Services was responsible for the opening of old wells.

The Medical Officer of Health said it seemed to him that big questions were being ignored in the debate. The risk of epidemics had been mentioned and he did not think that a water shortage was half as serious as the retrograde step of opening up old wells. It seemed a pity that in these enlightened days they were trying to undo work done many years ago, yet they were there proposing to go back a step which would have shocked medical men even thirty years ago.

The disinfection of wells was an easy matter to state but not so easy to carry out. Practical difficulties made it almost impossible. It would need a staff of men to sterilise the wells and as soon as the water had been taken from them so many more gallons of whatever disinfectant was being used would have to be put in again.

It would mean one man being at a well practically the whole time unless some scheme could be devised whereby the water was pumped up to a proper station. However, the Board was dealing with an emergency measure and not one they had time to think about.

Not An Unlimited Supply.

With regard to the danger to health the water in shallow wells came from the sub-soil or the surface. Most of the wells in olden days were in village areas and the contamination was probably mainly from animals. In Hongkong the old wells were in the city. The water in them was from street drains, escapes from sewers and the filth which percolated through the soil.

They were assuming that there was an unlimited quantity of water in the earth and that they had only got to dig for it to well up. The only water in Hongkong was that which had fallen on the island and which would go into the reservoirs. Therefore it was like robbing Peter to pay Paul.

The Medical Officer of Health said that the re-opening of old wells might lead to a very serious outbreak of typhoid. If there were thousands of cases of typhoid it would then be said that the M.O.H. was a fool for having allowed anything like this to go through.

Afraid of Disease Spreading.

The question of available wells had been gone into pretty thoroughly and as Mr. Braga had said there were practically none available for use.

It was said that they had always power to close the wells. That was rather like bolting the stable door after the horse had bolted. A well might be in use for days before it was discovered to be contaminated. The damage would then have been done and it would be no use going to the M.O.H. saying that it was dreadful and that the well must be closed. People would have drunk from it and thousands might have got the disease. One individual might get typhoid and then menace the whole community. "I am afraid of that individual spreading the diseases," continued the M. O. H. He went on to say that typhoid was probably a more serious menace to the European population than the Chinese. Many of the Chinese had probably become immune, but it was the young people coming out from other countries who must also be considered.

He was the person perhaps most concerned. Some lack of cleanliness with regard to the body was to be regretted but it was insignificant compared with the risk which would be run if the old wells were reopened. His job was to anticipate trouble and prevent disease, not to wait until it arrived and then do something about it. The risk was not justified by the very doubtful benefits which would be obtained.

Casting Vote Decides.

The President said that sub-soil water remained so long and became stagnant. There was nothing else to take its place except sewerage or perhaps brackish water from the harbour. He doubted whether there was much water to be obtained and said it was a pity that the re-opening of old wells and the opening up of new wells had been mixed together in the discussion.

He felt that he should oppose the motion because other means of getting water were preferable. In conclusion he appealed to the Chinese members of the Board to do all in their power to prevent people from opening up wells without a permit. There were three cases of this reported in Kowloon and it was almost certain that the water was contaminated.

The vote was then taken on the motion, four members voting in favour and four voting against it. The President gave his casting

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LOCAL RADIO.

TO-DAY'S BROADCAST PROGRAMME.

Broadcast by Z.B.W. on 350 metres.
5.30-6.30 p.m. Programme of Chinese Music, (Beka Records supplied through the courtesy of Messrs. Canton Trading Association, Ltd.).
7.45 p.m. Evening Weather Report.
8 p.m. Evening Programme, (Columbia Records supplied through the courtesy of Messrs. Anderson Music Co., Ltd.).
"Old Panama," March, Regimental Band of H. M. Grenadier Guards.
"Here in the Quiet Hills," "O That it Were So!"
"Nocturne," (Borodin), London String Quartet.
"Marouf—Il Est Des Musulmans," "Marouf—La Caravane," Tenor, Georges Thill.
"Quartet in D Major," (Haydn), London String Quartet.
"Pastorale," (Frankel), Organ Solo, Edward Commette.
"Symphony in B Minor" (Schubert), Sir Henry J. Wood conducting the New Queen's Hall Orchestra.
"Come into the Garden Maud," "My Sweetheart When a Boy," Tenor, William Heseltine.
"Fantasia on 17th Century Music A. B. 1664," Regimental Band of H. M. Grenadier Guards.
"Life in Vienna," (Karl Komzak), Waltz, New Concert Orchestra.
"Ships That Pass in the Night," "Vale," (Arey and Russell), Contralto, Madame Clara Serena.
"Phorah," Soprano, Gertrude Johnson.
"When Daffies Picked and Violets Blue," "Rose Saffron Blooming," Soprano, Dora Labbette.
"The New Moon," Selection, London Theatre Orchestra.
"Yes, to Me is Her Dream," "Heaven and Ocean," Tenor, Alessandro Grandi.
"Il Matrimonio Segreto," Overture, Milan Symphony Orchestra.
"La Procession del Reale," (Turina), Madrid Symphony Orchestra.
"Farewell to the Swan," (Wagner), "Lohengrin's Narration," (Wagner), Tenor, J. Rogatchewsky.
"Trust," (Gounod), Vocal Gems, Miriam Licette and Chorists.
10.30 p.m. Close down.

DESERTING FENG.

SUN LIANG-CHEN NOW DEFECTING.

Shanghai, June 11.
The Kuomintang New Agency's Peking correspondent states that Sun Liang-chen has sent a representative to Chengchow to consult with Han Fu-chu and Shih Yu-san in regard to Sun Liang-chen turning over to the Nationalist Government.

According to reports from Nanking Ho Chien-shan has wired to Chiang Kai-shek stating that as the anti-Kwangs campaign is coming to an end he can now spare one division of Hunan troops for use against Feng Yu-hsiang.

From Tientsin comes the report that satisfactory results are attending the conference between Yen Hsi-shan, Tang Seng-chi and Ho Chen-chun. It is learned that another opportunity will be given to Feng Yu-hsiang to hand over his troops to the Central Government and go abroad, failing which a punitive expedition will be launched immediately.

The authorities are, nevertheless, very anxious to solve the situation by political means.

[The suggestion of Sun Liang-chen to turn over to the Nationalist Government comes as a surprise, as he has always been considered one of Feng Yu-hsiang's most loyal subordinates. He has held out consistently for Feng and has even clashed with Han Fu-chu's forces. His breaking away will probably greatly weaken Feng's cause.]

vote against the motion which was therefore defeated.
Those present at the meeting were Mr. W. J. Carrie (President), The Hon. Mr. H. T. Cressy, the Hon. Mr. J. T. Braga, the Hon. Mr. R. A. C. North, Dr. H. A. Fawcett (M.O.H.), Dr. W. V. M. Koch, Mr. Wong Kwong-tin, Mr. T. N. Chan, Mr. M. K. Lo and Mr. J. Watson (secretary).

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MENACE OF MALARIA.

LECTURE BY DR. A. R. WELLINGTON.

In view of the efforts made locally to deal with malaria in Hongkong, the following lecture by Dr. A. R. Wellington, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.Ph., D.T.M. and H., the Principal Civil Medical Officer and formerly Senior Medical Officer of the F.M.S., is of interest.

The lecture was delivered several years ago and was published in pamphlet form by the Malaria Advisory Board, F.M.S.

1. Malaria in its restricted sense means a disease of humans caused by a microscopic organism which invades the corpuscles of the blood, feeding on them, destroying them and excreting poisons which cause fever.

2. Malaria in its fullest sense includes all the factors immediate and remote which have an effect on the growth and dissemination of the malaria parasite.

3. At one time thought to be a simple subject, investigation has proved it to be very involved. Professor Kunen, the celebrated Dutch investigator, said recently "ten years ago we knew all about malaria—now the only thing we are sure of is that we only know the fringe of the subject." You will get some idea of the magnitude of the problem when I tell you that what we already know fills books.

4. In a lecture like this I can only sketch out briefly the evolution of our knowledge of the aetiology of the disease, the life history of the parasite, its effects on human progress.

History.

5. The term malaria is a combination of two Italian words mal, meaning bad, and aria air—bad air.

For centuries the disease has been known to be in some way connected with swamps and that people who live near swamps, especially those who spend the night in the vicinity, are particularly liable to contract the disease. Nothing was known of germs or microbes in the old days and diseases were often attributed to the inhalation of poisonous gases.

It was noticed that mists formed over swamps during the night and that these mists had a chilling effect on the body. What was more natural than to attribute the shivering attack of malaria to this mist or bad air, the malaria of the swamp.

Laveran, a French surgeon, while examining the blood of malaria patients under the microscope noticed moving bodies in some of the red corpuscles. He concluded that these were the cause of the disease, the parasites of malaria. He was right.

Manson in China proved the mosquito to be the vector of malaria, a worm which causes elephantiasis in man. He argued that the parasite of malaria might well be carried by the same insect and that the fact that mosquitoes breed in swamps would explain the connexion between swamps and malaria.

Ronald Ross had the same theory. He worked it out and proved that malaria is carried from man to man by a certain species of mosquitoes belonging to the family anophelines. He showed that the anopheline is not a mere mechanical tool like a vaccination lancet, that it does not infect one human with the infected blood of another, but that the parasite actually invades the tissues of the insect and causes a general infection. When the saliva becomes infective which it does after an interval of 10 days, then and then only, is the mosquito capable of passing on the infection to another human.

Malaria may now be defined as a disease of man and of certain species of anophelines caused by a micro-organism (the malaria parasite) which passes from mosquito to man and from man to mosquito through the sucking process of the insect. The human infects the mosquito and the mosquito infects the human, there is no direct infection from man to man or from mosquito to mosquito.

Proof of the Mosquito Theory.

Sambon, Low, and Terzi resided for three months in one of the most malarious districts in Italy. They lived in a hut protected from mosquitoes by wire gauze. They were out all day in all weathers, often did hard manual work, drank the water of the place, but from sunset to sunrise stayed inside their mosquito-proofed hut. They took no quinine or any other precaution beyond staying in the mosquito proofed-house from sunset to sunrise, the biting time of the anopheline. Neither of the three contracted malaria. Their neighbours all around who were not protected from mosquito bites, went down repeatedly with the disease.

Anophelines fed in Rome on malaria patients, were sent alive to the London School of Tropical Medicine where they fed on two

volunteers, Dr. Manson and Mr. Warren. Neither of these gentlemen had ever been out of England, neither had ever suffered from malaria and neither of them had malaria parasites in his blood. Within 10 days both went down with malaria, parasites were found in the blood of each, and these parasites were the same as those which occupied the blood of the Italian patients at Rome.

Similar experiments have been done in various parts of the world and it is now universally accepted by scientific men that malaria is spread from man to man by certain species of anopheline mosquitoes.

That malaria often breaks out after ground has been opened is frequently cited as a proof that the disease can be spread by something set free from the earth by the turning over of the soil. The disturbance of the soil certainly is frequently followed by malaria, but the effect is not direct but indirect. Water on new earth somehow has an attraction for the female anopheline. What that attraction is has not yet been worked out. I believe it to be of a chemical nature for it disappears on weathering. Perhaps it is a chemical in solution which has some influence on the food supply of the larvae. Perhaps it is that anopheline finds the pool first and that the eggs hatch and the larvae reach maturity before the natural enemies have found out they are there. Whatever it is the fact remains that more larvae are likely to be found on water in connexion with new earth than in pools adjacent but in contact with old earth. After a month or more some change takes place, and in the water which was formerly thickly populated with larvae, a few or none are to be found. This is one reason why earth works are so often followed by a temporary wave of malaria. Another reason is the tapping of underground reservoirs, the water from which forms springs which flow until the reservoir is emptied when they dry up.

The Life History of the Parasite.

The life history of the parasite may be described as a cycle within a cycle. The little cycle takes place in man, the big cycle partly in man partly in the mosquito.

The small cycle, the parasite in man.—The parasite is a living organism so minute that it can only be seen through a microscope magnifying hundreds of times. For the benefit of those who do not know, I will explain that our blood is a colourless fluid in which are floating innumerable little discs called red corpuscles. To the presence of these corpuscles is due the redness of the blood.

The parasite is a living body and like all living matter it feeds and it excretes and what it excretes is poisonous.

The parasites find their way into the corpuscles, feed on their substance, and destroy them. As the parasite grows the substance of the corpuscles disappears but the corpuscular skin remains whole. Inside the skin are the remains of the corpuscle, the parasite and its excretions.

When full grown the parasite breaks up into segments which are arranged around a centre containing the excretions. Each of the segments is a young parasite.

The corpuscular skin bursts liberating the young parasites and the poisons.

The poisons upset the body and bring on an attack of fever.

Some of the young parasites get destroyed, some find their way into fresh red corpuscles and commence a new cycle.

The little cycle in man is called the asexual cycle because there is no conjugation between different sexes before multiplication.

The reaction of the human.—The human body is not a passive agent in disease. It resents the intrusion of any foreign matter and it takes measures to rid itself of any which may find entry. It has a factory for the manufacture of anti-toxins or antidotes to foreign poisons. It has a factory for the manufacture of poisons, substances which have a detrimental effect on foreign organisms but which do no harm to itself. It has a factory for the manufacture of leucocytes or white corpuscles, the policemen and scavengers of the body.

The anti-toxin neutralises the poisons of the parasite and brings the temperature back to normal. The poisons lower the vitality of the organism and prepare the way for the attack of the leucocytes or police. The police gobble up the parasites and dispose of them.

It is by the provision of anti-toxins, opsonins, and leucocytes that the body resists any disease. The factories work better when the body is maintained at a high tone and that is the reason why malaria relapses occur when the constitution is lowered by chills or other untoward influences.

But neither the anti-toxins, the opsonins nor the police can touch anything protected by the corpuscular skin. And it is the periodic bursting of the corpus-

CONSTABLE'S LAPSE.

DEMANDING MONEY FROM A SHOP FOKI.

P.C. Tam Wing was yesterday afternoon sentenced to six weeks' imprisonment with hard labour at the conclusion of the hearing of a charge of misconduct by demanding money with menaces from a foki of a native wine-shop at Yau-mat.

A. S. P. Murphy, reviewing the case for the prosecution, said it was a serious allegation that had been brought against the accused; that of holding up a wine-shop foki in the street and menacing him into taking steps for the raising of a sum of \$400 which he set as the price of the immunity of the foki from arrest.

While the necessary machinery was set in motion by the accused at Yau-mat to enable the foki to establish contact with his employers for the raising of this money, another set of machinery was put into motion on this side of the bar, where, unknown to the accused, the master of the wine-shop got into communication with the authorities, with the result that a trap was set into which the accused walked.

The accused, through his lawyer (Mr. F. H. Loseby), pleaded an alibi, saying that he was at the time in the shop of a clansman waiting for a man with a nickname corresponding to "Long John." On hearing the sound of a police whistle being blown in the street, his policeman's instincts were aroused, and it was natural that when he saw three men running along, apparently in pursuit of somebody, he should join in the chase. It was his misfortune that he should be mistaken for the man whom they were chasing.

Major Willson, at the end of the case, said he believed the prosecution had made out a very strong case against the accused. After being informed that the accused possessed a "fair" record of service, his Worship passed sentence as stated above.

cles and the liberation of the successive doses of poisons which causes the intermittent rises of temperature which are so characteristic of malaria.

The big cycle—man to mosquito and mosquito to man—after a time the resistance of the body becomes so great that the parasite finds it difficult to carry on. When this happens the intra corpuscular parasites change their habits. They refuse to divide when they have reached maturity. Their internal arrangement changes somewhat and they become more resistant to outside influences. Two forms can now be distinguished, one is male and the other female.

It is here that the mosquito comes into the field as a host for the parasite.

Not all mosquitoes can act as hosts for the sexual forms, the stomach juices of the vast majority are too strong and the parasites are killed. The stomach juices of any mosquito will kill the sexual forms. But the gastric juices of some species of anophelines instead of killing the sexual forms stimulate them to action. The male throws out certain whip-like processes which break off, swim to a female and become absorbed in it.

The impregnated female now becomes elongated and its anterior end pointed. It bores its way into the mosquito's stomach wall where it stays and undergoes development. It forms a ball. Inside the ball little round prickly bodies like chestnut burrs form. The prickles which are the young parasites leave the burr and fill up the ball. The ball or tumour bursts, the prickles escape into the tissues of the insect and are distributed all over its body by its blood stream.

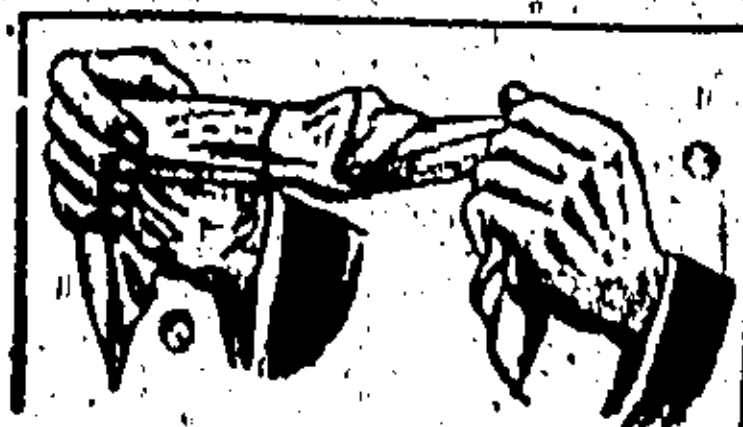
Some enter the salivary glands and find their way into the glands. When a mosquito bites it injects saliva to make the blood run better. It is this saliva which causes the irritation which most of us have experienced.

The saliva of an infected mosquito contains the parasites and one bite from such may start the asexual cycle.

Incubation periods.—After inoculation into a human, it takes ten days for the parasites to increase to such a number that their combined poisons can cause symptoms of fever. After symptoms of fever appear 10 days elapse before the sexual forms become manifest. After ingestion by the mosquito of the sexual forms a further period of 10 days elapses before the young forms appear in its saliva.

One infected mosquito may infect any number of humans and one infected man may infect any number of mosquitoes. Remember that the infected human is a focus for the spread of malaria and that an infected baby is just as dangerous as an infected adult. Native children are most dangerous as they are not screened by mosquito curtains from the bites of susceptible anophelines.

(To be Continued.)



Don't Forget!

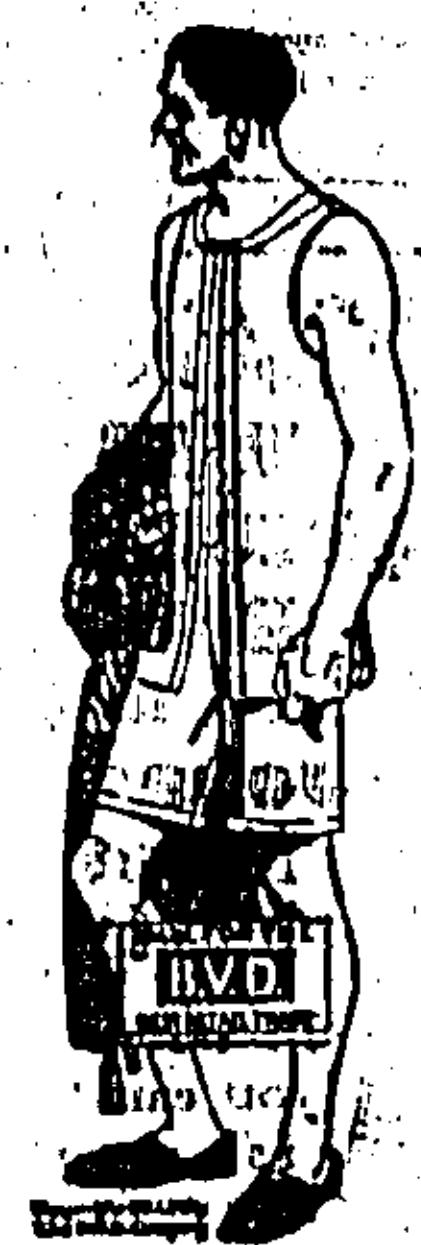
Before going home to-day get a vial of Pinkettes, the dainty little laxatives that give nature just the assistance needed to correct constipation, biliousness, bilious headaches, all smothering breath.

PINKETTES

also clear the complexion of pimples and blemishes, relieve Piles, are as gentle as nature.

Of chemists everywhere, at 60 cents the vial.

PINKETTES KEEP YOU WELL.



WHAT a delight it is to slip into cool, fresh "B.V.D." underwear. How good it feels, how well it fits and what matchless wear it gives. The red-woven "B.V.D." label is your assurance of the best underwear value. It means genuine comfort and economy.



Registered Trade Mark

THE B.V.D. Co., Inc.
New York, U.S.A.
(Sole Makers)



WHAT WOULD YOU DO?

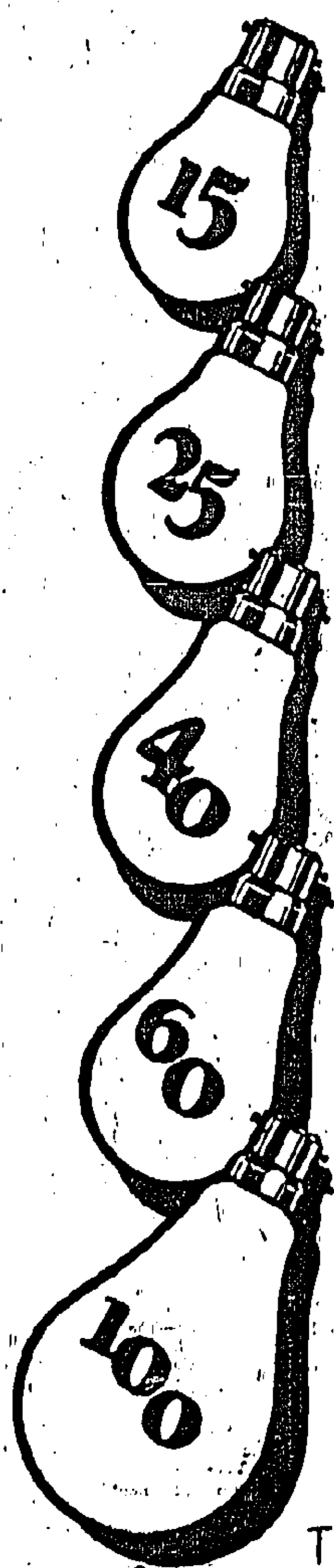
Mosquitoes are annoying. They are also dangerous. They spread malaria and yellow fever germs. Roaches, Flies and Moths are other menaces to the health of your family. Kill them with *Whiz* Fly-Trap. Double strength. 100% kill. Harmless to humans and pets. Will not stain the most delicate fabrics. Very pleasantly scented.

SOLD EVERYWHERE
1/2 Pint, 1 Pint, Quart, Gallon Cases
1/2 Pint, 1 Pint, 1 Quart, 1 Gallon
1/2 Pint, 1 Pint, 1 Quart, 1 Gallon



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Agents—
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IMPORTANT FOOD
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GUARANTEED PURE

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of all kinds especially for ship-
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A SMALL—BUT CHOICE
STOCK OF GENUINE

Chinese Antiques

MAY BE SEEN AT—

THE UNION STORE,

37, Des Voeux Road, Central.

Collectors Specially Invited.

"RICKSHAW" BRAND
CEYLON TEA

Cheapest and Best

From all leading Compradores.

By Anne Austin.

THIS HAS HAPPENED.

CHAPTER VIII

But her heart throbbed heavily with an emotion that was not gladness. In getting out of the Crawford "meas" she was also getting rid of everything else that had made life wonderful for three years. She was still too dazed with the shame and grief that had taken possession of her heart when she had discovered that she was in love with her employer to plan what she should do after her week's

Morgan nodded thoughtfully. "And when she couldn't land you the nursed a grudge against you, right? I thought so. I've warned you to be careful, Bert, but you're a confirmed lady-killer. This is a little worse, though, than the breach-of-promise suit I was joking about last night." And Morgan looked so worried that Nan's heart ached for him.

Kewloon Situation.

(To Be Continued.)

"All Pinet's clothes, which were seized at the hotel, have also to be carefully examined to see if there are any bloodstains on them."

Additional Tanks.

Tung Wah Hospital Meeting.

The water shortage was mentioned by Mr. M. K. Lo at a meeting of the Tung Wah Hospital last night, when he stated that in an interview with the authorities of the Public Works Department yesterday he was informed of the Government's intention to build nine more tanks along the praya.

Mr. Lo also said that it is estimated the Government will be able to transport with the aid of steamers and naval vessels about three million gallons of water into Hongkong every day.

The meeting last night was confined to discussions of water relief, Mr. Lo being the chairman.

Burden of the Import Duty.

Dividend 10 Per Cent.

As regards the current year, I feel justified in telling you that the outlook is a little brighter. We have already received cable particulars of the trade done since our accounts now presented were closed, and these show improvement when compared with the corresponding period of last year. The report and accounts were unanimously adopted.



They are here at the lowest prices—of a quality to delight any Bride-to-be.

there are hundreds of the most charming Gift Suggestion in platinum, gold or silver — Brooches, Pendants, Necklets, Earrings, Bangles, Wristlet Watches, Vanity Cases, Jewel Boxes, Dressing Table Sets, Brush and Comb Sets, Manicure Sets, Perfume Bottles, Bonnet Clocks, Vases, Trays, Tea and Coffee Sets, and numerous other desirable suggestions.

That we have received instructions from our head office to sell our vast stock less

33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %!

If you are acquainted with us, you know that the quality of our goods is of the very highest——if you are not, you will be under no obligation to come and see what

J. ULLMANN & CO.
 Chater Road, Hongkong.

**Avoid difficulty and delay to your dependents
after your death by effecting a special**

ESTATE DUTY POLICY

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CHINA UNDERWRITERS, LTD.

write on phone for particulars

LIFE ASSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

**Hongkong Bank Building, 4a Des Voeux Road Central,
Tel. C. 1122.**

E. HING & CO.,

SHIPBUILDING MATERIALS, SHIP CHNDLERS
HARDWARE MERCHANTS.

PHONE:—CENTRAL No. 1116. { Wing Woo Street
Tel. Central 25.

N.Y.K. LINE

THROUGH BOOKING TO EUROPE AT REDUCED RATES.
\$120, \$112, \$110 \$102 \$83 via SAN FRANCISCO
\$95, \$90-10 via JAPAN & SEATTLE.

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu
Tonjo Maru ... Wednesday, 12th June.
Shinyo Maru ... Wednesday, 10th July.
SEATTLE, VICTORIA via Shanghai & Japan Ports
Shidzuoka Maru ... Monday, 17th June.
Yokohama Maru ... Monday, 1st July.
LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM via
Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Suez.
Aisuta Maru ... Saturday, 15th June.
Kashima Maru ... Saturday, 29th June.
SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.
Tango Maru ... Wednesday, 26th June.
Aki Maru ... Wednesday, 14th July.
BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.
Tottori Maru ... Thursday, 27th June.
SOUTH AMERICA (WEST COAST) via Japan, Honolulu,
Los Angeles, Mexico & Panama.
Anyo Maru ... Tuesday, 9th July.
SOUTH AMERICA (EAST COAST) via Singapore,
Capetown & Ports.
Kamakura Maru ... Tuesday, 9th July.
NEW YORK, BOSTON, HAVANA via Panama
Takaoka Maru ... Wednesday, 19th June.
LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Constantinople,
Genoa & Marseilles.
Dakar Maru ... Thursday, 13th June.
Durban Maru ... Saturday, 20th July.
CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.
Moroka Maru ... Saturday, 15th June.
MANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
Aki Maru (Nagasaki Direct) ... Thursday, 20th June.
Fushimi Maru ... Monday, 24th June.
Cargo only.
Reduced 1st class Excursion Rates quoted between
Manila and Australia.

For further information apply to: **NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.**
Tel. Central Nos. 292, and 3897 (private exchanges to all Dept.).



**KONINKLYKE PAKETVAART
MAATSCHAPPIJ.**
Royal Packet Navigation Co. of Batavia.

M. V. "VAN HEUTSZ"

will be despatched on 20th June at noon.
For SINGAPORE, PENANG & BELAWAN DELI DIRECT.
Offers excellent saloon accommodation, all lower berths,
English Cuisine, doctor carried, wireless telegraph.
1st. CLASS FARE TO SINGAPORE \$125.00.
In connection with the Royal Packet Nav. Co.'s (K.P.M.)
services to all destinations in the Netherlands East Indies and
Australia.
Agents:—**JAVA CHINA JAPAN LINE.**
Telephone Central No. 1574 York Building, Chater Road.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

NEW YORK BERTH

FOR NEW YORK & BOSTON via SUEZ

M.V. "MUNCASTER CASTLE" Sails hence on or about 10 July.

LLOYD TRIESTINO.

REGULAR MONTHLY PASSENGER AND FREIGHT
SERVICE for BRINDISI, VENICE & TRIESTE (R.I.U.M.)
TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING
TO GENOA, ALL ITALIAN, ADRIATIC, LEVANT,
BLACK SEA AND DANUBE PORTS.

PASSAGE RATES TO
BRINDISI, VENICE & TRIESTE ... £75.0.0.

NEXT SAILINGS

OUTWARDS FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE & MOJI.

From Hongkong

S.S. "TIMAVO" Sails hence on or about 20th June.
M.V. "HIMALAJA" Sails hence on or about 9th July.
M.V. "VIMINALE" Sails hence on or about 18th July.

HOMEWARDS FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE.

From Hongkong

S.S. "FIUME-LI" Sails hence on or about 21st June.
S.S. "VENEZIA" Sails hence on or about 5th July.
S.S. "NIPPON" Sails hence on or about 13th July.
S.S. "TIMAVO" Sails hence on or about 23rd July.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS

FROM CALCUTTA & COLOMBO TO
SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS

S.S. "UMZUMBI" Sails from Calcutta. 3rd Aug.
Regular Passenger and Cargo Service to South African Ports.
Through Bills of Lading issued from Hongkong
For Freight or Passage on any of the above Lines apply to:—
DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.
Telephone Central 1030.

LOCAL DOCKYARDS.

IMPROVED ACCOMMODATION
AT KOWLOON.

Some disappointment is felt locally
at the decision to send all the new
county cruisers home for re-commissioning
in turn. It is argued that
the refitting could be done quite as
efficiently and more economically in
one of the local dockyards.

A writer in a Home paper in some
remarks upon the resources of Hong-
kong says: "I have sometimes
thought that if the naval resources of
that port were better known in this
country the necessity for the new
Singapore base would have been more
persistently questioned. The Admini-
strator No. 1 dock is 555 by 39
feet, and the Kowloon dock 700 by
98 by 30 feet. Butterfield and Swire's
new dock at Quarry Bay is 750 by 88
by 34½ feet. There are two lesser
docks, each capable of taking cruisers
up to 5,000 tons and three destroyer
docks. The tidal basin is 9½ acres,
with an average depth of 40 feet. If
the rise of Japanese sea power is the
reason for developing Singapore—and
it is mere bunkum to pretend that
there is any other reason—Hongkong
is strategically as good as Singapore.
True, Hongkong is open to attack
from the mainland; so is Gibraltar,
and knowing both places fairly well,
I should hesitate to say which would
be the more difficult to take."

It is interesting to note in this con-
nection that the Hongkong and Wham-
poa Dock Company has commenced to
widen the entrance and interior of
the present No. 1 Dock and hopes to
complete the work in about eighteen
months. The dimensions will then be
700 ft. overall, with a width at the
bottom of 90 ft. and at the top of
96 ft.

It is also understood that the
Dock Company has acquired land for
a new graving dock and when finances
and circumstances permit will pro-
ceed with this work. The proposal is
to make the new dock 1,210 ft. in
length by 120 ft. in breadth with 40
ft. of water on sill. The dock will be
divided by an inner caisson into two
sections of 717 ft. 3 ins. and 470 ft.
respectively.

Already Hongkong has gained for
itself a high reputation in the ship-
building world and when the plans of
the Kowloon Dock Company have
been approved facilities will be pro-
vided second to none in this part of
the world.

BAIKAL MARU ASHORE.

PASSENGERS BEING TAKEN
OFF IN LIFEBOATS.

Osaka, June 11.
The O.S.K. steamer Baikal Maru is
reported aground off Daikoku-san
Island, Chosen.
The passengers are being transfer-
red to the lifeboats.

The vessel is signalling for assist-
ance, and salvage ships are being des-
patched from Moji.—*Reuter.*
Later.
The Baikal Maru carried 400 pas-
sengers and 120 crew.
On receipt of the news, salvage
vessels and a destroyer hastened to
the scene to remove all aboard owing
to the dangerous condition of the
vessel, the hull of which is badly
damaged.—*Reuter.*

TIENTSIN STRIKE.

TRAMWAYMEN'S EXTRA-
VAGANT DEMANDS.

Tientsin, June 11.
Following the presentation of
a number of extravagant de-
mands, the employees of the local
tram company struck this after-
noon.—*Reuter.*

RIVER PIRACY.

EXTRADITION PROCEEDINGS
THE POLICE COURT.

Proceedings were instituted before
Mr. E. W. Hamilton at the Central
Police Court yesterday afternoon, for
the extradition of a Chinese named
Chan Tim to Canton on charges of be-
ing concerned in the piracy of the
Kongmoon-Shiuhing, towboat Shun
Lee.

It was recalled by Mr. L. E.
Andrews, conducting the proceedings
for the Crown, that on September 24,
1926, the trading junk Shun Lee
while under tow from Kongmoon to
Shiuhing, was pirated by a launch
on the river near Chu Tau Shan.
Upon the approach of the pirate
craft, the launch which was towing
the junk, cast off and left the latter
to her fate. About ten men boarded
the junk from the pirate launch.
They were armed with revolvers and
pistols and proceeded to take charge
of the junk, subsequently sailing away
with her to Shau Tau in the Shun Tak
district.

All those on board the junk were
robbed, and a number of the better
class passengers were kidnapped and
held for ransom.
Two-and-a-half years after the
affair, on April 1 last, the fugitive
was seen in Stanley Street and ar-
rested upon information supplied by
the man who saw him. He was one
of the victims in that piracy. Then
followed an identification parade at
which the fugitive was picked out by
a number of witnesses who had ar-
rived from the country.

See To Yip, the first witness called,
said he was a farmer, resident at
Holchow in the Chungshan district.
He came down to Hongkong on
February 20, upon learning that a
certain man who had taken part in
the piracy was to be found here. He
located the fugitive at Stanley Street
on April 1, and informed the police
authorities, the fugitive being then
arrested upon information supplied by
him.

Relating the facts of the piracy,
witness said the fugitive was one of
a number of armed robbers who came
down to the steamer where he was
lying, and stole from him a sum of
\$135 and a quantity of clothing.

Witness admitted that beyond iden-
tifying the fugitive as an active
pirate, he did not know his name.
He was informed only afterwards that
his name was Chan Tim.

After two other witnesses had de-
posed to having seen the fugitive in
the company of the gang which car-
ried out the piracy, his Worship said
that a prima facie case had been made
out, upon which the fugitive would
be committed to goal pending an order
from the Governor for his surrender
to the Canton authorities.

AFRICAN RAILWAY.

BENGUELLA LINE TO OPEN
UP NEW TERRITORIES.

Cala, Angola, June 11.
The ceremonies in connexion with
the opening of the
Benguela Railway, which many
distinguished persons including
Prince Arthur of Connaught, are
attending, at Luao, began with
the Portuguese Minister for the
Colonies renaming the town of
Cala "Robert Williams" in re-
cognition of Sir Robert Williams'
services in building the railway.
The railway runs from Lobito
Bay to Luao, whence the Belgians
continue the line to Katanga, and
eventually will link up with the
Cape to Cairo line. The railway
will bring England 2,500 miles
nearer Rhodesia and other centres
of Central Africa, with copper
deposits and fertile uplands suit-
able for European settlement.—*Reuter.*

CONSIGNEES' NOTICES.

ELLERMAN LINE.

From EUROPE

The Steamship,

"CITY OF ATHENS"
having arrived, consignees of cargo
by her are informed that all Goods
are being landed at their risk into
the hazardous and/or extra hazardous
Godowns of Holt's Wharf, whence
delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after
the Goods have left the Godowns, and
all Goods remaining undelivered after
17th June, 1929, will be subject to
rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged
Goods are to be left in the Godowns,
where they will be examined on any
Tuesdays or Fridays, between the
hours of 10.45 a.m. and Noon, within
the Free Storage period of one week.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersig-
ned by,

THE BANK LINE LTD.
General Agents.

**THE BEN LINE STEAMERS,
LIMITED.**

From LEITH, MIDDLESBRO',
LONDON AND STRAITS.

The Steamship,

"BENDORAN"

Consignees of Cargo are hereby
informed that all Goods are being
landed at their risk into the hazardous
and/or extra hazardous Godowns of
The Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf
and Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or
from the wharves delivery may be
obtained.

No claims will be admitted after
the Goods have left the Godowns, and
all Goods remaining undelivered after
the 19th inst. will be subject to rent.
All claims against the steamer must
be presented to the Undersigned on or
before the 3rd July, 1929.

All broken, chafed, and damaged
Goods are to be left in the Godowns,
where they will be examined on the
18th inst. at 10 a.m., by Messrs.
Goddard and Douglas.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.
Bills of Lading will be counter-
signed by,

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 12th June, 1929.

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

COPENHAGEN.

The Motor Vessel,

"PANAMA"

having arrived, consignees of cargo
are hereby informed that all goods
are being landed and placed at their
risk into the hazardous and/or extra
hazardous Godowns of the Hong-
kong and Kowloon Wharf and Go-
down Co., Ltd., where delivery can
be obtained as soon as the goods are
landed.

No claims will be admitted after
the goods have left the Godowns
and all goods remaining undelivered
after the 17th June, 1929, at 4 p.m.
will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged
goods are to be left in the Godowns,
where they will be examined by
Messrs. Anderson and Ashe on the
15th June, 1929, at 10 a.m.

All claims against the vessel must
be presented to the Undersigned
before the 20th June, 1929, or they
will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersig-
ned by

JOHN MANNERS & CO., LTD.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 10th June, 1929.

FAR EAST LIGHT.

Rangoon, June 11.
The French airmen Arachart
and Rignot, flying to the Far
East from Europe, have arrived
here non-stop from Calcutta.—*Reuter.*

P. & O. BRITISH-INDIA, APCAR AND EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN LINES.

(COMPANIES incorporated in ENGLAND)
Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading for Straits, Java and
Burma, Ceylon, India, Persian Gulf, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa,
Australasia, including New Zealand & Queensland Ports,
Red Sea, Egypt, Constantinople, Greece, Levantine Ports,
Europe, etc.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
(UNDER CONTRACT WITH H.M. GOVERNMENT.)

S. S.	Tons	From Hong- kong (about)	Destination
JEYPORE	5,318	15th June.	Marseilles, London, A'werp, Rotterdam & Hamburg
RAJPUTANA	16,568	22nd June.	Bombay, M'los & L'don
PERIM	7,648	29th June.	Marseilles, London, A'werp, Rotterdam & Hamburg
"KASHGAR"	9,005	6th July.	Marseilles, London & Hull
"MIRZAPUR"	6,715	9th July.	Straits, Colombo & B'bay
"ALIPORE"	5,273	19th July.	Straits, Colombo & B'bay
"KHIVA"	9,135	20th July.	Bombay, M'los & London

Frequent connections from Port Said for Passengers & Cargo to
Constantinople, Pyrus, Smyrna and other Levant Ports by Steamers of
the Khedivial Mail S.S. Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

TALMA	10,000	14th June. 3 p.m.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
"GURNA"	5,248	25th June.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
SANTHIA	7,754	4th July.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
TILAWA	10,006	24th July.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta

B. I. Apar Line steamers have excellent accommodation for
1st and 2nd class passengers. All steamers are fitted with
wireless and carry a qualified surgeon.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

ST. ALBANS	4,500	5th July.	Manila, Sandakan, Thurs.
ARAFURA	6,000	2nd Aug.	Island, Townsville, B'bane
TANDA	6,956	30th Aug.	Sydney and Melbourne.

Regular Monthly Sailings from Hongkong to Japan and
Hongkong to Australia

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TILSINGTON COURT, --- 13th June. 6 a.m. | S'hai, Moji, Kobe
& Yokohama

"ALIPORE"	5,273	18th June.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe
"KHIVA"	9,135	21st June.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
TILAWA	10,006	29th June.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama & Osaka

SIRDHANA	7,745	3rd July.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama & Osaka
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KHYDER	9,114	5th July.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
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All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

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TO TSINGTAO via SWATOW & SHANGHAI	Fooshing Hopsang Yatsing Kwongsang	Wed. 12th June at 10 a.m. Sun. 16th June at 10 a.m. Wed. 19th June at 10 a.m. Sun. 23rd June at 10 a.m.
TO OSAKA via AMOY, MOJI & KOBE	Kumsang Kutsang Namesang	Tues. 18th June at 10 a.m. Wed. 10th July at 7 a.m. Thurs. 18th July at 10 a.m.
TO OSAKA via AMOY, SHANGHAI, MOJI & KOBE	Hosang	Satur. 29th June at 7 a.m.
TO STRAITS & CALCUTTA	Yuensang	Mon. 17th June at 3 p.m.
TO SANDAKAN	Mausang Hinsang	Sun. 16th June at 3 a.m. Fri. 28th June at 3 p.m.
TO TIENTSIN	Yusang	Thurs. 20th June at 7 a.m.
TO CANTON	Yatsing	Thurs. 13th June at 9 a.m.

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Steamship "GLENSHANE"	...	24th July.
Motor Vessel "GLENOGLE"	...	7th Aug.
Motor Vessel "GLENAMOY"	...	4th Sept.

TO SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & VLADIVOSTOK.

Steamship "GLENSHANE"	...	20th June.
Motor Vessel "GLENOGLE"	...	20th June.
Steamship "ALDINGTON COURT"	...	10th July.
Motor Vessel "GLENAMOY"	...	24th July.
Motor Vessel "GLENAGARRY"	...	2nd Aug.

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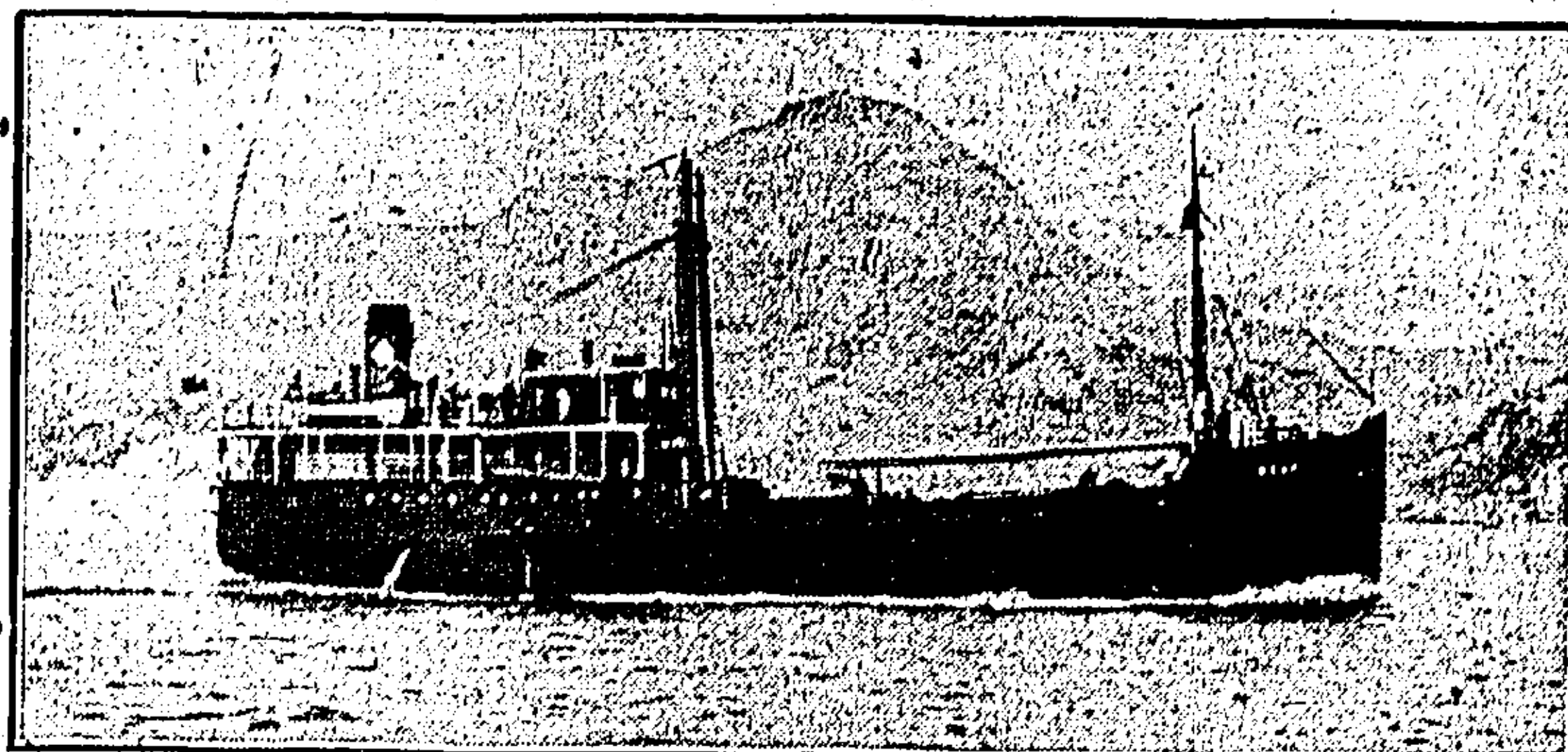
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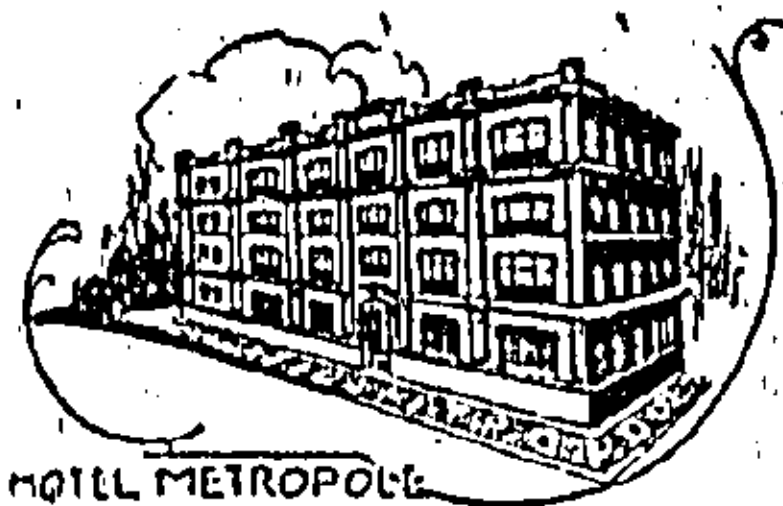
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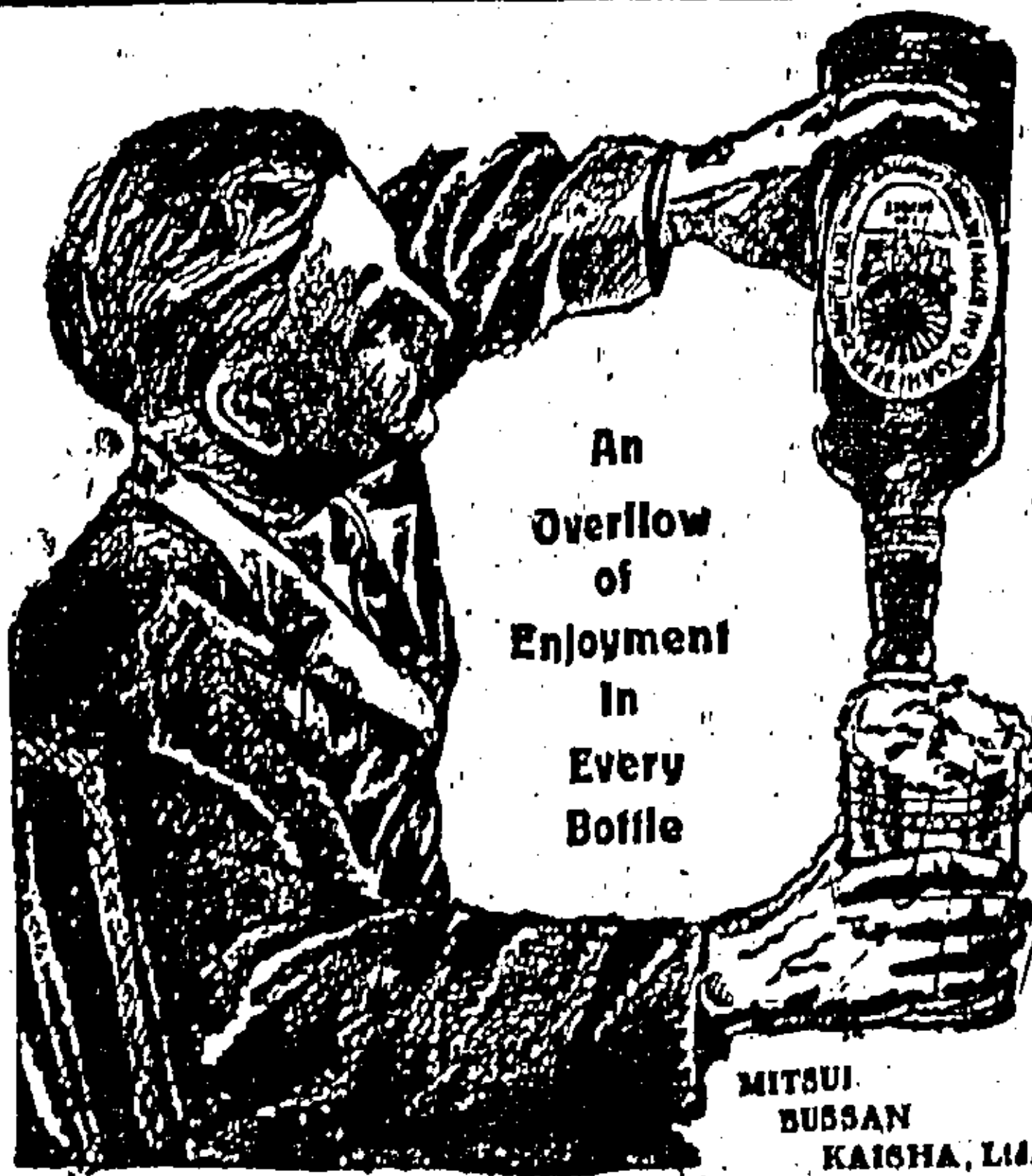
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FATAL EXPLOSION IN SHANGHAI.



Early on Sunday morning last week a terrific explosion occurred in the Yangtzepoo District, Shanghai, resulting in the death of one man and two Chinese women. The above photographs depict the scene of destruction caused by the sudden explosion of a boiler, which not only wrecked the boiler room but destroyed practically everything within the immediate vicinity. The top picture shows a portion of the demolished premises after the explosion, with the debris after the two storeyed building had collapsed. The lower picture shows another section of the demolished building, at the right of which is the huge water tank which tumbled through the building after the roof collapsed.

BRITISH AMATEUR GOLF TITLE.

TOLLEY GAINS REVENGE ON
W. SUTTON.

THE LATEST RESULTS.

London, June 11.

The outstanding feature of today's play in the British Amateur Golf Championship at Sandwich was the return match between Cyril Tolley, the famous international, and W. Sutton, the hand-hardened toil-bowed Cheshire oil-worker.

It will be recalled that they met in the semi-final of the English Native Championship, for which Tolley was a warm favourite, and Sutton triumphed by one hole.

They met again to-day in the second round of the Amateur Open, and though Sutton put up a solid and gallant fight against the "aristocrat" of the golf links, Tolley was successful.

One of the American contestants was eliminated by Andre Gobert, the former French Davis Cup tennis player.

Roger Wethered (Worpleston) beat R. Hambro (Addington) 5 and 3. Although he won easily, Wethered at times was erratic, and was frequently in the rough with his drives. However, he made fine recoveries, and turned four up; and although out of bounds at the thirteenth he finished the match at the fifteenth hole. —Reuter.

First round results: T. P. Perkins (holder) beat G. Mansford (Lutins) 6 and 5; C. Buckley beat Major H. O. Hazlet, 1 up; Roger Wethered (Worpleston) beat R. Hambro (Addington) 5 and 3; Dr. Gardiner Hill (Royal and Ancient) beat Rowland Saunderson (America) 5 and 4.

Second Round results: C. J. H. Tolley (Royal Liverpool) beat W. Sutton (West Cheshire Artisans) by two up; Andre Gobert (France) beat Pardee Erdman (America) 1 up. —Reuter.

The following appointments to the Hongkong Civil Service have been made by the Secretary of State for the Colonies: Mr. K. H. Utley, M.A., M.B., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.T.M., and H., to be Medical Officer; Miss A. Williams, to be Nursing Sister.

Passengers arriving by the Changtse included Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Ferris, Mrs. M. Weston, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Hayward, Mr. C. W. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Byrne, Mr. S. Jensen, Mr. H. G. Connelly and Mr. R. Gillespie.

NEW CHINA "WAR" SITUATION.

FENG REPORTED TO BE
ON THE RUN.

TANG SENG-CHI'S ADVANCE
INTO HONAN.

IMPORTANT WEEK-END

Shanghai, June 11.

The first shot in the Nanking-Honan "War" has yet to be fired, but a considerable advance has been made by Nanking troops under General Tang Seng-chi, the former tungan of Hunan and Hupeh, who has now penetrated the Honan-Shantung frontier.

In an official communique to Nanking, General Tang Seng-chi claims the capture of Lanfeng District, which is about 20 miles from Kaifeng, an important strategic point in the north-east of Honan.

Lanfeng fell into Tang Seng-chi's hands on Monday when the Nanking vanguards found that the Kuomintang troops had

A POOR EXCUSE.

It's a poor excuse to be careless in the use of water because "other people" are wasting it.

evacuated some time ago.

Lanfeng is now garrisoned by two divisions under Tang Seng-chi, who proposes to continue his march and to occupy further districts to eastern Honan deserted by Feng.

An attack on Kaifeng in the near future, is contemplated.

So-called Feng Traitors.

The true facts regarding the alleged revolt of Han Fu-chu and Shih Yu-san remain obscure. It is extremely difficult to obtain first hand news on account of the strict censorship and military activity which is hindering communication.

While he has made no effort to prevent the Nanking entry into Honan, it is significant that General Han Fu-chu, despite his reported allegiance to the Nanking Government, has declared that he desires no Nanking interference in the administration of Honan.

The latest information regarding Han Fu-chu comes from Nanking and it suggests that as the result of a series of conferences with Sun Liang-cheng and other subordinates of Feng Yu-shiang, he has succeeded in securing their loyalty to Nanking.

U.S. FARM RELIEF DEADLOCK.

SENATE REJECTS BILL BY
NARROW MAJORITY.

HOPES DECLINING.

Washington, June 11.

The Senate has, by 48 votes to 43, rejected the latest Farm Relief Bill, despite the fact that it was known to have the President's approval.

The Senate originally passed a Bill containing the controversial export debenture plan, but the House of Representatives subsequently rejected the plan and passed the Bill without it. This clause, it may be recalled, was condemned by President Hoover as a most unsatisfactory solution of the farmers' difficulties, it being regarded as a kind of bounty or thinly-disguised subsidy.

The Bill then passed to a joint Committee of both Houses, and again came up in the Senate to-day.

The majority of the Senators are of the opinion that the Bill, to be effective, must include the debenture plan.

Agricultural leaders are beginning to despair of getting through any kind of farm legislation during the present special session. —Reuter's American Service.

Chinese reports suggest further that an anti-Feng Yu-shiang movement is on foot. Usually well informed circles, however, remains sceptical, believing that the talk of alliance with Nanking are part of a plot to postpone the Nanking advance.

It is anticipated that all doubts will be cleared during the week-end when the troops of Tang Seng-chi approach Chengchow. Han Fu-chu will have either to fight the "new-comers" or definitely join the Nanking army in the operations against the adherents of Feng Yu-shiang, now concentrating in Shensi.

Both Feng Yu-shiang and Sun Liang-cheng (the alleged traitor) are in Shensi, and it is understood that the latter is directing war preparations at Hwayinshan, near Tungkuwan, on the Honan-Shensi-Shansi frontier.

Feng at Tungkuwan.

Feng Yu-shiang himself is at Tungkuwan and is reported to have ordered a further retreat into Shensi, retiring his forces to Sian.

The attitude of Marshal Yen Hsi-shan is said to be unchanged. He still advocates a peace conference between Nanking and Feng Yu-shiang. It would appear, however, that Yen Hsi-shan has abandoned his expressed intention of retiring and going abroad.

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